

Portable pH/ORP Meter D-72

Instruction Manual

CODE:GZ0000333604

Preface

This manual describes the operation of the Portable pH/ORP Meter D-72.

Be sure to read this manual before using the product to ensure proper and safe operation of the product. Also safely store the manual so it is readily available whenever necessary.

Product specifications and appearance, as well as the contents of this manual are subject to change without notice.

■ Warranty and responsibility

HORIBA, Ltd. warrants that the Product shall be free from defects in material and workmanship and agrees to repair or replace free of charge, at option of HORIBA, Ltd., any malfunctioned or damaged Product attributable to responsibility of HORIBA, Ltd. for a period of one (1) year from the delivery unless otherwise agreed with a written agreement. In any one of the following cases, none of the warranties set forth herein shall be extended;

- Any malfunction or damage attributable to improper operation
- Any malfunction attributable to repair or modification by any person not authorized by HORIBA, Ltd.
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to the use in an environment not specified in this manual
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to violation of the instructions in this manual or operations in the manner not specified in this manual
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to any cause or causes beyond the reasonable control of HORIBA, Ltd. such as natural disasters
- Any deterioration in appearance attributable to corrosion, rust, and so on
- Replacement of consumables

HORIBA, LTD. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY MALFUNCTIONS OF THE PRODUCT, ANY ERASURE OF DATA, OR ANY OTHER USES OF THE PRODUCT.

■ Trademarks

- Microsoft, Windows, Windows Vista are registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

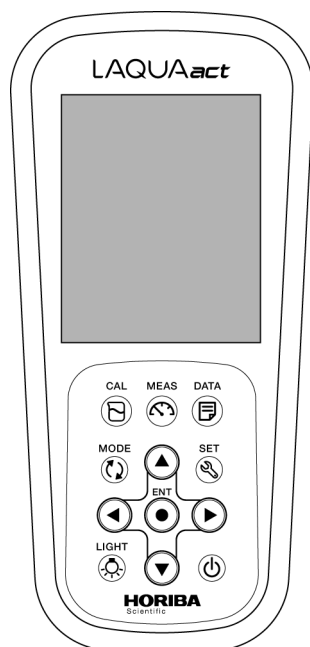
Other company names and brand names are either registered trademarks or trademarks of the respective companies. (R), (TM) symbols may be omitted in this manual.

Check items

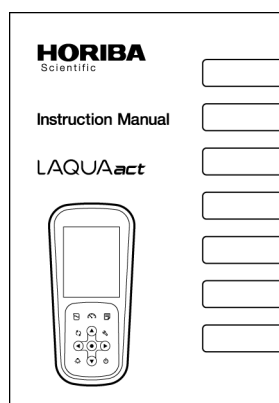
■ Items in package

After opening the package, check for damage on the instrument and that the standard accessories (see below) all exist.

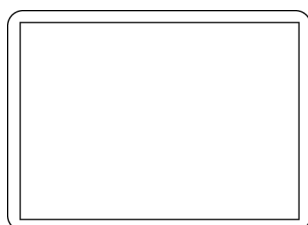
If damage or defects are found on the product, contact your dealer.



Instrument



Instruction manual
(this book)



Quick-start Manual



AAA alkaline batteries

Note

- The accessories are not waterproof.
 - The supplied alkaline batteries are used to check operation, thus it is possible that the battery will be run out quickly.
-

Regulations

■ Conformable Directive

This equipment conforms to the following directives and standards:



Directives: The EMC Directive 2004/108/EC
The Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC
The RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU

Standards: [the EMC Directive] EN61326-1:2006
Class B, Basic requirements
[the Low Voltage Directive] EN61010-1:2010(Ed.3.0)
[the RoHS Directive] EN50581:2012
Category: 9. Monitoring and control instruments

● Installation Environment

This product is designed for the following environment.

- Overvoltage Category II
- Pollution degree 2

WARNING: Do not use the equipment for measurements within measurement categories II, III and IV.

● Information on disposal of electrical and electronic equipment and disposal of batteries and accumulators

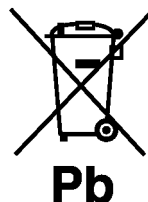
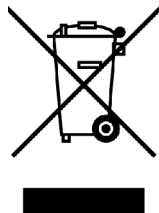
The crossed out wheeled bin symbol with underbar shown on the product or accompanying documents indicates the product requires appropriate treatment, collection and recycle for waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) under the Directive 2002/96/EC, and/or waste batteries and accumulators under the Directive 2006/66/EC in the European Union.

The symbol might be put with one of the chemical symbols below. In this case, it satisfies the requirements of the Directive 2006/66/EC for the object chemical.

This product should not be disposed of as unsorted household waste.

Your correct disposal of WEEE, waste batteries and accumulators will contribute to reducing wasteful consumption of natural resources, and protecting human health and the environment from potential negative effects caused by hazardous substance in products.

Contact your supplier for information on applicable disposal methods.



Regulations

■ FCC rules

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance shall void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

●WARNING

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

■ Korea certification

●B급 기기 (가정용 방송통신기자재)

이 기기는 가정용(B 급) 전자파적합기기로서 주로 가정에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 하며, 모든 지역에서 사용할 수 있습니다.

■ Taiwan battery recycling mark



廢電池請回收

For your safety

■ Hazard classification and warning symbols

Warning messages are described in the following manner. Read the messages and follow the instructions carefully.

● Hazard classification



This indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This is to be limited to the most extreme situations.



This indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



This indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.
Without safety alert indication of hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

● Warning symbols



Description of what should be done, or what should be followed






Description of what should never be done, or what is prohibited





For your safety

■ Safety precautions

This section provides precautions for using the product safely and correctly and to prevent injury and damage. The terms of DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION indicate the degree of imminency and hazardous situation. Read the precautions carefully as it contains important safety messages.

● Instrument and electrode

 WARNING	
	Do not use an unspecified AC adapter. Otherwise, it may heat up or be ignited resulting in a fire or an accident.
	Do not disassemble or modify the instrument. Otherwise, it may heat up or be ignited resulting in a fire or an accident.

 CAUTION	
	Harmful chemicals The internal solution of pH electrode is highly concentrated potassium chloride (3.33 mol/L KCl). If the internal solution comes in contact with the skin, wash it off immediately. If it gets into the eyes, flush with plenty of water and then consult a doctor.
	Broken glass Broken glass may cause injury. The outer tube and tip of an electrode are made of glass. Handle them with care.
	Do not use the RS-232C communication and the AC adapter under wet or humid conditions. Otherwise, it may cause a fire, electric shock, or breakage.

For your safety

● Battery



WARNING



Keep batteries out of reach of children. If someone accidentally swallows a battery, consult a doctor immediately.



If alkaline fluid from a battery gets into the eyes, do not rub the eyes, rinse with clean water immediately and then consult a doctor.
Contact with alkaline fluid could cause blindness.



Do not put batteries in a fire, expose to heat, disassemble or remodel.
Doing so could cause fluid leakage, overheating or explosion.



CAUTION



Do not remove or scratch the external label of the battery.
Doing so could cause injury to hands and fingers.

■ Product handling information

● Operational precautions (instrument)

- Do not drop, crash, or give any physical impact on the instrument.
- The instrument is made of solvent-resistant materials but that does not mean it is resistant to all chemicals. Do not dip the instrument in strong acid or alkali solution, or wipe with such solution.
- If the instrument is dropped into water or gets wet, wipe it using soft cloth. Do not heat to dry it with a hair-dryer (or the like).
- The instrument has a dust-proof and waterproof structure. Waterproof performance is following specification: the instrument does not malfunction even when immersed in water of 1 m depth for 30 minutes.
This does not mean to guarantee non-destructive, trouble-free, dust-proof, and waterproof performance in all situations. If the instrument is correctly handled according to the descriptions in this manual, the instrument provides dust-proof and waterproof performance.
- When replacing the batteries, while connected to the AC adapter, or during the RS-232C communication, the instrument does not have the dust-proof and waterproof performance. The dust-proof and waterproof performance is maintained only when the covers are attached correctly.
- After replacing the batteries, connecting the AC adapter, and using the RS-232C communication, make sure that the waterproof packing attached to each cover is not deformed or discolored, or has foreign matter adhering to it. If the waterproof packing is deformed, discolored or has foreign matter adhering to it, or dust could get inside, water leaks could occur that could lead to instrument malfunction.
- To disconnect an electrode or AC adapter cable or serial cable, hold the connector and pull it off. If you pull at the cable, it may cause a breakage.
- The RS-232C communication between the instrument and a personal computer (PC) may fail because of environmental conditions, such as (radio/electromagnetic) noise.
- Do not replace the batteries, connect the AC adapter, or use the RS-232C communication in a dusty place or with wet hands. Dust or moisture could get inside the instrument, possibly causing instrument malfunction.
- Do not use the tip of a nail or an object with a sharp end to press the keys.
- If the power supply is interrupted while measurement data is being saved in the instrument, the data could be corrupted.
- A Ni-MH rechargeable battery can be used in this instrument, but the battery used in the instrument cannot be charged using the AC adapter.

For your safety

● Operational precautions (battery)

- Do not short circuit a battery.
- Set the + and – side of the battery correctly.
- When the battery has run out or the instrument will not be used for a long time, remove the batteries.
- Of the specified battery types, make sure to use two batteries of the same type.
- Do not use a new battery together with a used battery.
- Do not use a fully charged nickel-metal hydride battery together with a partially charged battery.
- Do not attempt to charge a non-rechargeable battery.

● Environmental conditions for use and storage

- Temperature: 0°C to 45°C
- Humidity: under 80% in relative humidity and free from condensation

Avoid the following conditions.

- Strong vibration
- Direct sunlight
- Corrosive gas environment
- Close to an air-conditioner
- Direct wind

● Transportation

When transporting the instrument, repackage it in the original package box. Otherwise, it may cause instrument breakage.

● Disposal

- Standard solution used for the calibration must be under neutralized before the disposal.
- When disposing of the product, follow the related laws and/or regulations of your country for disposal of the product.

■ Manual information

● Description in this manual

— **Note** —

This interprets the necessary points for correct operation and notifies the important points for handling the product.

— **Reference** —

This indicates the part where to refer for information.

— **Tip** —

This indicates reference information.

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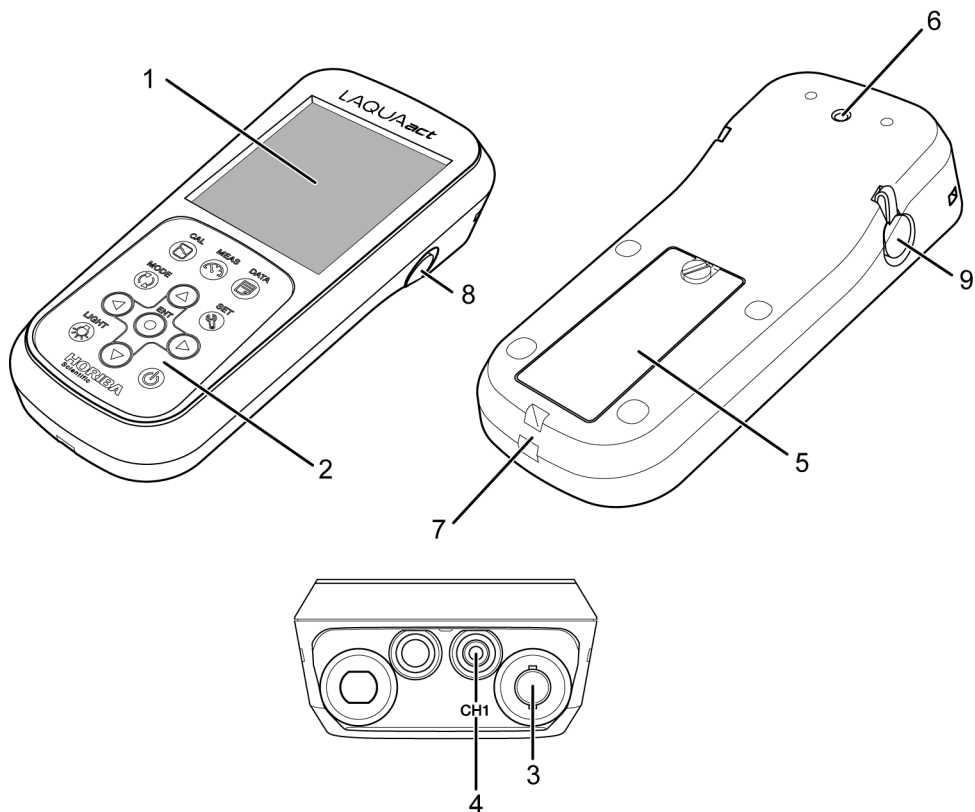
Part names and basic operation

This section describes the name of each part and the main role, function, and basic operation method of each part.

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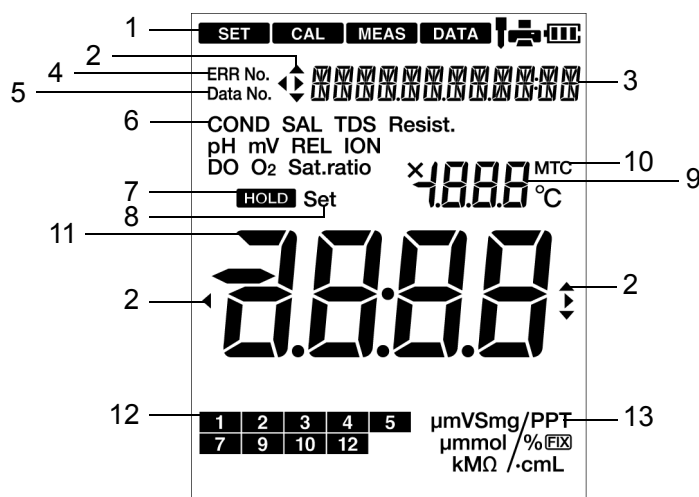
■ Names of each part

● Instrument



No.	Name	Function
1	Display	Displays the measured value and set value and so on.
2	Operation keys	Used for instrument operation.
3	Electrode connector	Connects the BNC connector of the electrode.
4	Temperature connector	Connects the temperature connector of the electrode.
5	Battery cover	Set batteries inside.
6	Electrode hook attachment section	Attach the electrode hook to carry with instrument.
7	Strap attachment section	Attach a strap.
8	Serial connector	Connects the serial cable and printer cable.
9	AC power connector	Connects an optional AC adapter.

● Display



No.	Name	Function
1	Status icon	Displays the current operation mode, electrode status, printer or PC connection status, and remaining battery level.
2	Direction key icon	Displays the currently available direction key.
3	Date and time, set item display area	Displays the current date and time and the set items.
4	ERR No. icon	Displays an error No.
5	Data No. icon	Displays the data No.
6	Measurement parameter display area	Displays the currently set measurement parameter.
7	HOLD icon	Lights when the measured value display is fixed.
8	SET icon	Lights when numerical values are entered.
9	Temperature display area	Displays the measured and the set temperature.
10	MTC icon	Lights when the temperature setting is MTC (optional temperature setting).
11	Measured value, set item display area	Displays the measured value and the set value.
12	Standard solution calibration history icon	When calibrating pH standard solution, the corresponding icon lights.
13	Unit display area	Displays the unit for the measurement parameter and the display item.

• **Battery level display**



Battery level is high.



Battery level is a little lower.

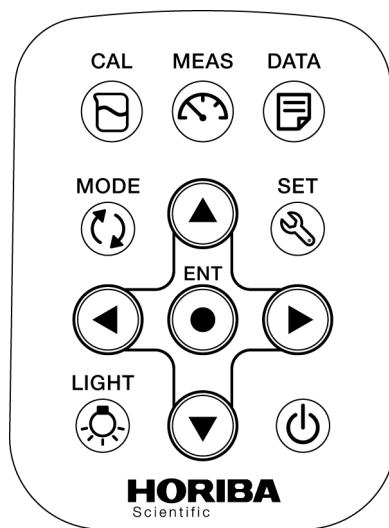


Battery level is low.
The backlight may become unavailable.



Battery has run out. Replace the batteries.
"ERR No. 0002" is displayed and operation is disabled.

● Operation key

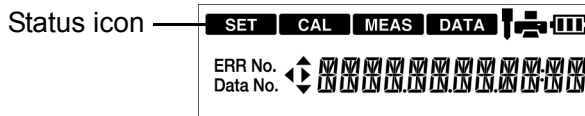


Key	Name	Function
	MEAS key	Changes the operation mode to the measurement mode during operation in a different mode. The changes you made using the setting mode are reflected when you press this key to return to the measurement mode. In the measurement mode, switches the automatic hold measurement on/off.
	CAL key	Changes from the measurement mode to the calibration mode. Start calibration in the calibration mode.
	DATA key	Changes from the measurement mode to the data mode.
	SET key	Changes from the measurement mode to the setting mode. Starts repeatability inspection after calibration is complete.
	POWER key	Turns ON/OFF the power of instrument.
	MODE key	In the measurement mode, changes measurement parameters.
	LIGHT key	Turns on/off the backlight.
	ENTER key	Determines the selection or setting. Prints data in measurement, the calibration and data mode.
	UP key	Changes the selected item.
	DOWN key	Changes the number of the selected digit when entering numbers.
	LEFT key	Changes the selected item.
	RIGHT key	Changes the selected digit when entering numbers.

Basic operation

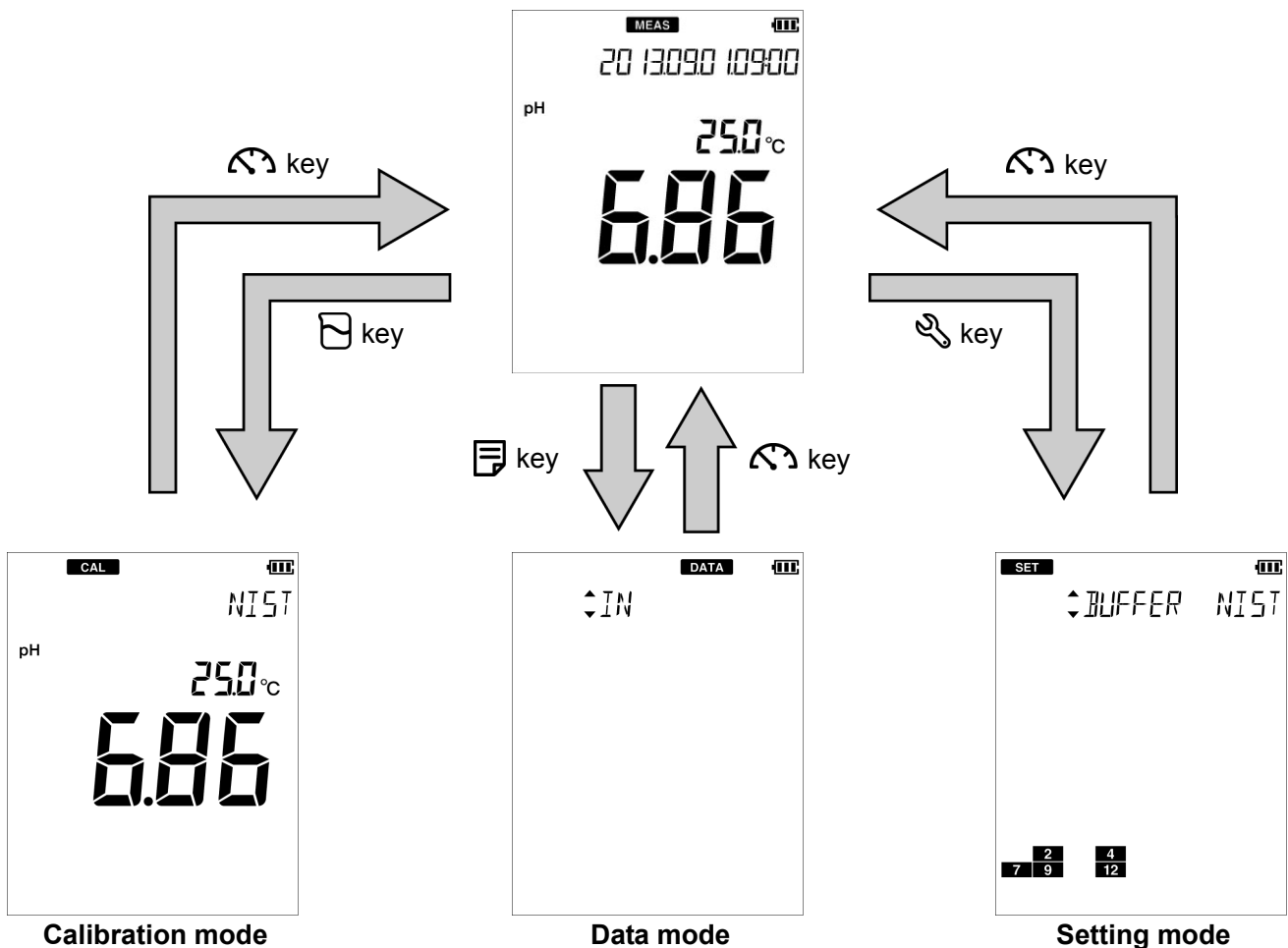
Changing the operation mode

This instrument is operated by changing the operation mode from four available modes, depending on the purpose of use. The status icon indicates the current mode. You can change the operation mode using the corresponding key. However changing to the calibration, data, or setting mode is available only from the measurement mode. When changing to a different mode, first change to the measurement mode and then change to the desired mode.




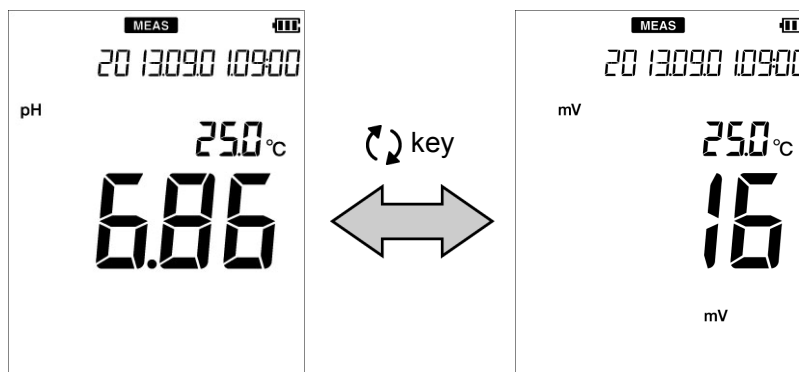
Icon	Name	Function
MEAS	Measurement mode	Performs measurement.
CAL	Calibration mode	Performs calibration.
DATA	Data mode	Saves data in the internal memory. Displays the saved data, the calibration history and the inspection history.
SET	Setting mode	Performs various settings.

Measurement mode





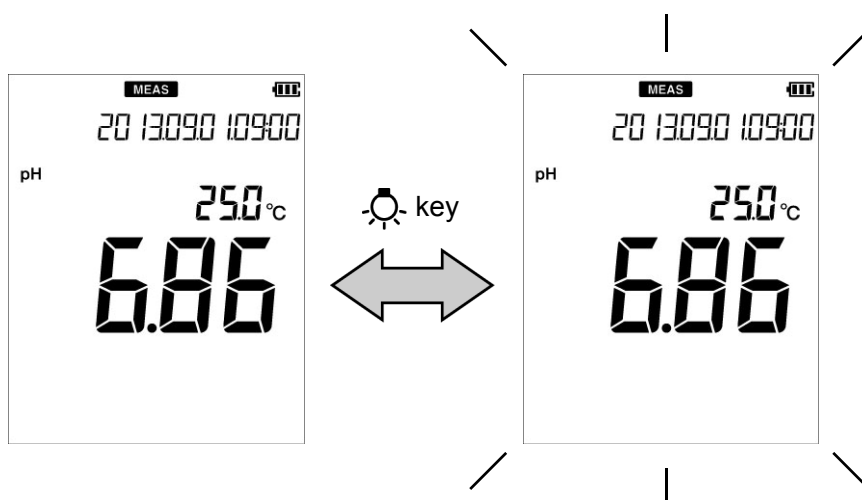
● Changing the measurement parameter

This instrument can measure multiple parameters. For measurement, an electrode corresponding to the measurement parameter is required. In the measurement mode, the measurement parameter can be changed by pressing the  key.



● Using the backlight

When it is difficult to see the screen in a dark location, you can turn on the backlight by pressing the  key. If the backlight is not operated for 5 minutes, it automatically turns off. To turn it off manually, press the  key again while the backlight is on.

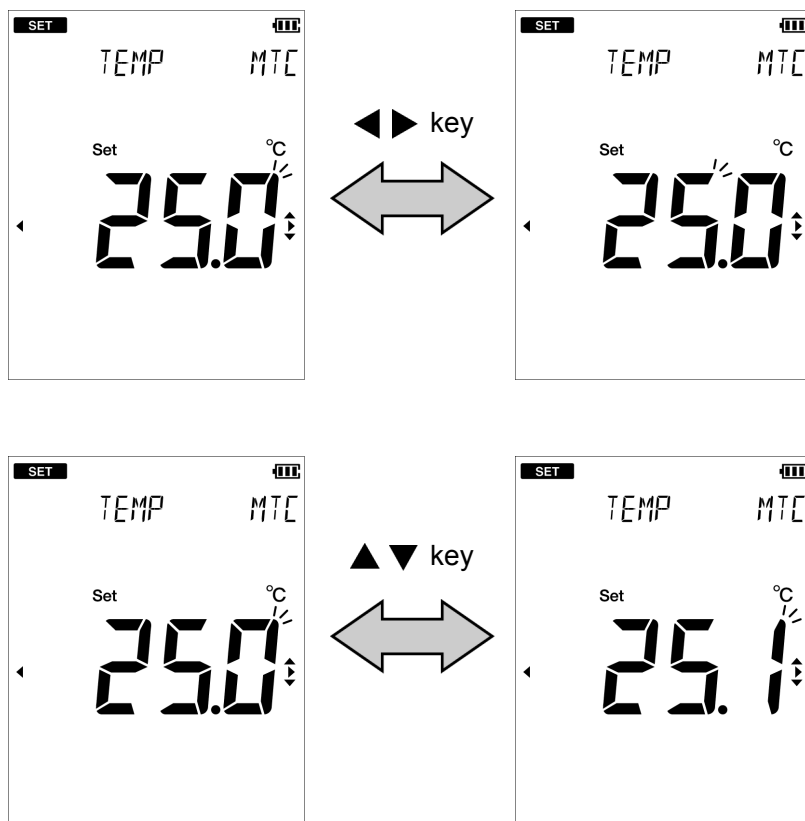


Note

- Turning on the backlight consumes energy and shortens battery life.
- The backlight becomes unavailable when the battery level becomes low.

● Entering numeric values

When entering numeric values to make various settings and set a calibration value, you can change the selected digit using the ◀▶ keys and increment or decrement the value (0 to 9) using the ▲▼ keys.



Measurement

This section describes the basic method of measurement of each measurement parameters.

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■ Preparation

● Confirmation before starting measurement

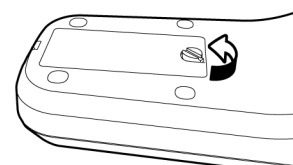
- Have you prepared the appropriate electrode for the measurement parameter?
⇒ If not, purchase the appropriate electrode.
- Is the prepared electrode in good condition?
⇒ If the responsive part is stained or damaged, it may not be possible to obtain accurate values.
- Have you prepared the appropriate standard solution for the measurement parameter?
⇒ If not, prepare the standard solution by yourself or purchase it.
- Are there any items that should not be wet or stained around the instrument?
⇒ Depending on the operation during measurement, items around the instrument could get wet or stained. Secure sufficient space around the instrument and perform measurement while always paying attention to safety.
- Are there any devices that can be a source of noise?
⇒ Measured values could be affected. Do not use the instrument near such devices.
Always ground devices operated by AC power.

● Turning ON the instrument

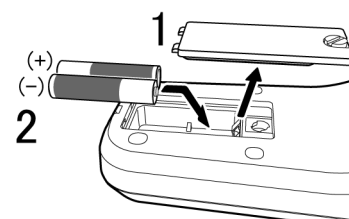
• Inserting the batteries

This instrument is operated by batteries. You can use AAA alkaline batteries or AAA Ni-MH rechargeable batteries. Perform the following procedure to insert batteries in the instrument.

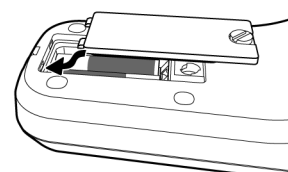
1. Turn the knob on the battery cover on the back of the instrument counterclockwise to unlock the battery cover.



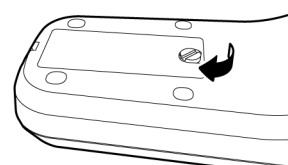
2. Remove the battery cover and set the batteries inside.



3. Put the battery cover back in.



4. Turn the knob on the battery cover on the back of the instrument clockwise to lock the battery cover.



Note

- Do not replace the batteries in a dusty place or with wet hands. Dust or moisture could get inside the instrument, possibly causing instrument malfunction.
- Do not short-circuit a battery.
- Set the + and - side of the battery correctly.
- When the battery has run out or the instrument will not be used for a long time, remove the batteries.
- Of the specified battery types, make sure to use two batteries of the same type.
- Do not use a new battery together with a used battery.
- When using the Ni-MH batteries, do not use a fully charged battery together with an insufficiently-charged battery.

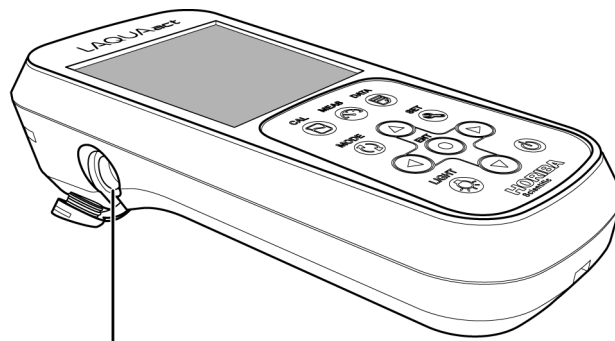
• **Using the AC adapter (option)**

It is possible to use the AC adapter to operate the instrument.

Perform the following procedure to connect AC adapter to the instrument.

The AC adapter is an option. To purchase it, contact your dealer. (Refer to “ Options ” (page 69).)

1. Open the AC adapter cover of the instrument.
2. Insert the AC adapter cable by fitting with the connector socket of in the instrument.
3. Insert AC adapter into the electrical socket.




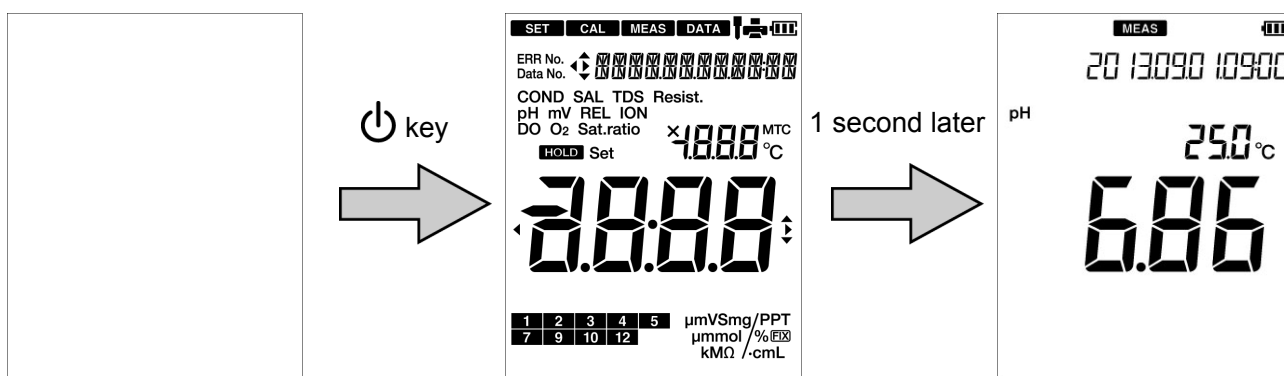
AC adapter connector

Note


- Do not insert the cable with force when the connector does not match the socket.
- When not using the AC adapter, close the AC adapter connector cover.
- While connected to the AC adapter, the instrument does not have the dust-proof and waterproof performance. Dust or moisture could get inside the instrument, possibly causing instrument malfunction.

• **Pressing the POWER key**

After setting the batteries or connecting the AC adapter, press the  key over 1 second. The LCD is fully displayed for 1 second, and the screen displays the measurement mode.







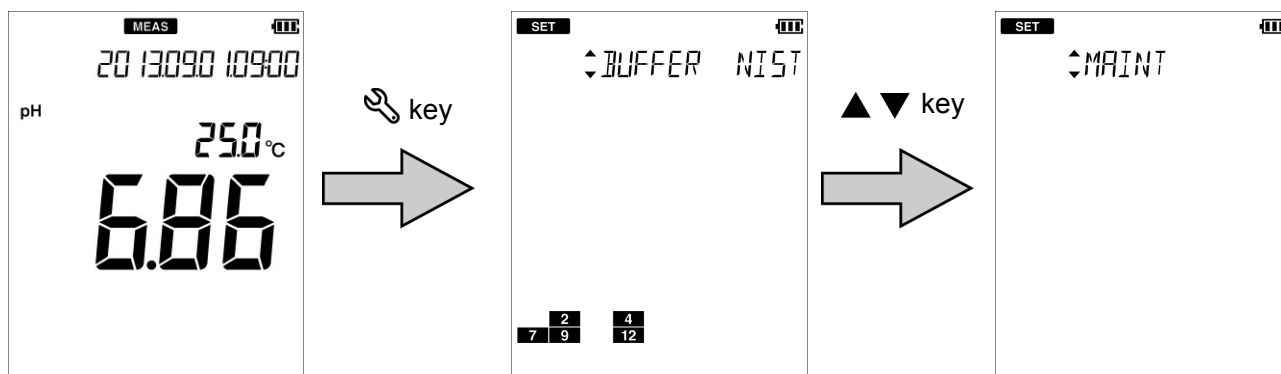
Note





- Do not hold down the  key after the power of the instrument is turned ON.
- Do not use the tip of nail or an object with a sharp end to press keys.


● Setting the date and time

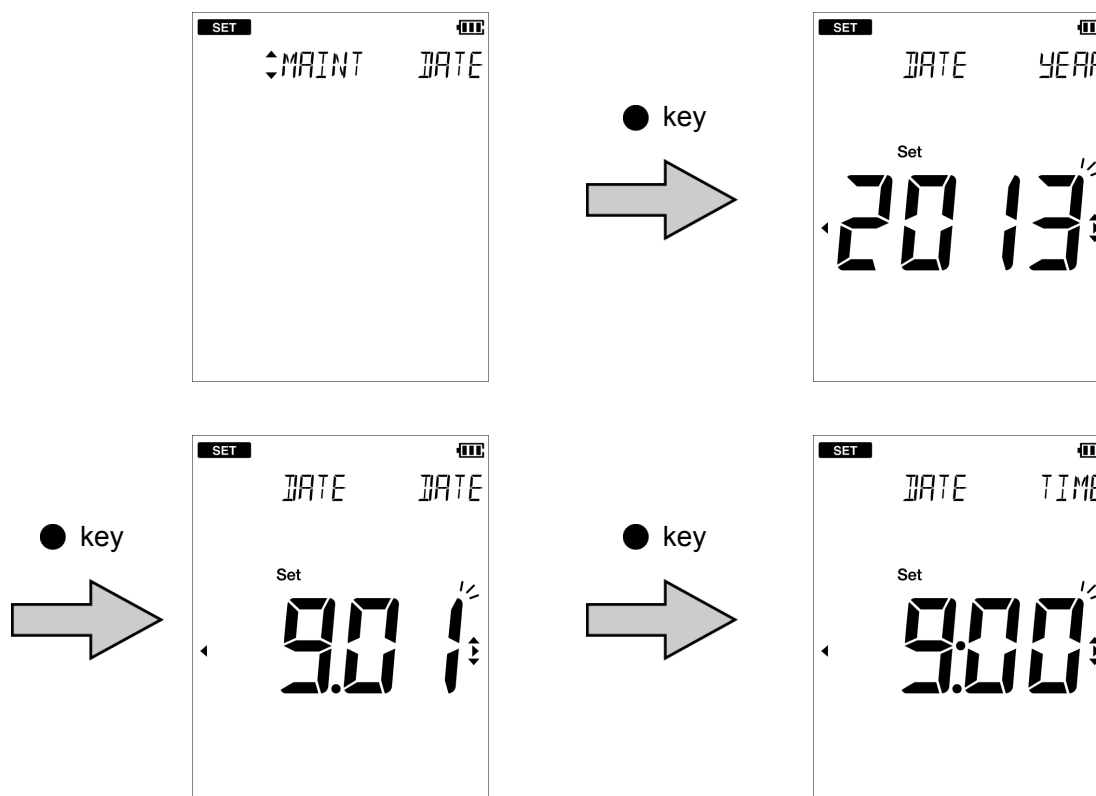
When using the instrument for the first time or after replacing the batteries, set the date and time. After setting, the date and time data is displayed correctly when saving data in the internal memory. If the setting is incorrect, the date and time of saved data becomes incorrect. (Refer to "Displaying saved data" (page 31).)

1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the  key.





3. Press the   keys to select the "DATE" (date and time setting) and then press the  key.
4. Enter the "YEAR" (current year) and press the  key.
5. In the same way, set the "DATE" (month and date) and "TIME" (hour and minute), in that order.

To return to the setting mode, press the  key.



Tip

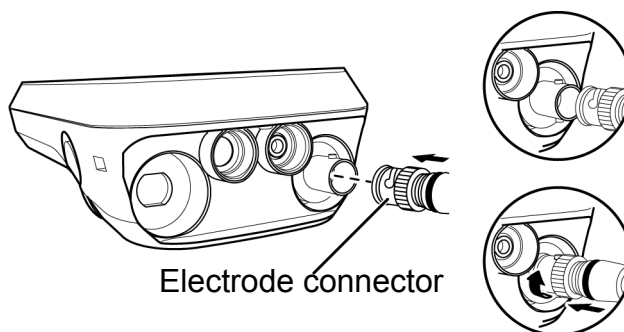
To change to the setting again, press the  key to return to the "DATE" (date and time setting) screen. The settings on screen before the  key is pressed are not saved.

● Connecting an electrode

To perform measurement, you must use the appropriate electrode for measurement parameters. Recommended electrodes for each measured sample are listed in our product catalog and on our website. Refer to them when preparing electrodes. Use the following procedure to correctly connect the electrode to the instrument.

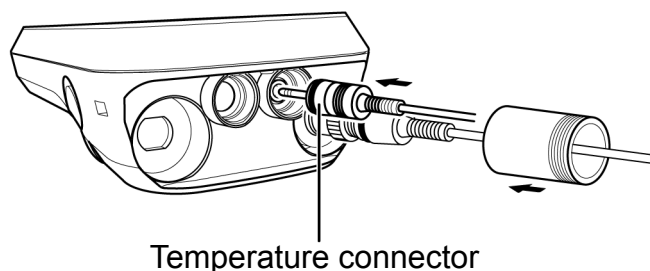
1. Insert the electrode connector by fitting its groove with the connector socket pin of the instrument.

2. Turn the electrode connector clockwise by following the groove.



3. Put the connector cover on the connector.

4. Insert the temperature connector into the jack socket on the instrument (only when using a combination electrode equipped with a temperature sensor).



Preparation for measurement is complete.

For details of the measurement operation, refer to the following pages.

■ pH measurement

You can measure the pH of the sample with a pH electrode.





Use a combination electrode incorporating a glass electrode and a reference electrode for measurement. A single glass electrode cannot be used with this instrument.

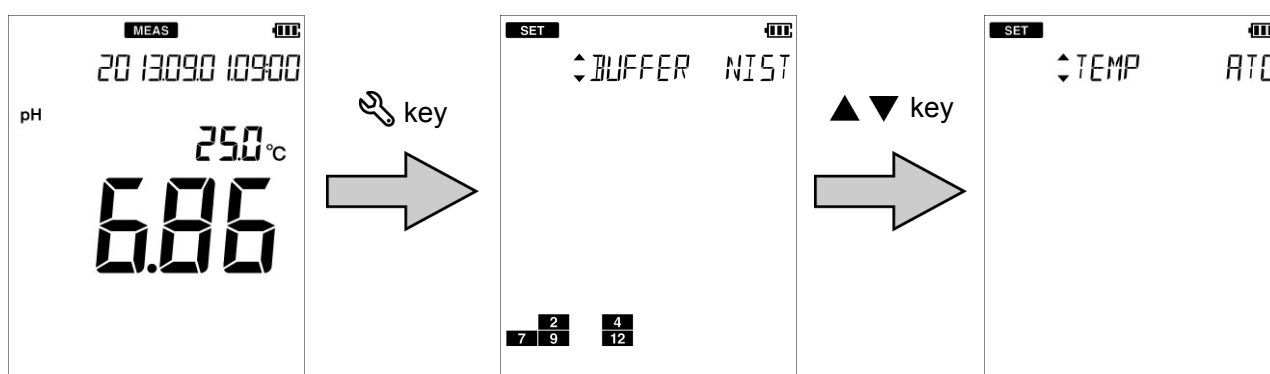
● Setting the instrument

• Setting temperature compensation (default: ATC)

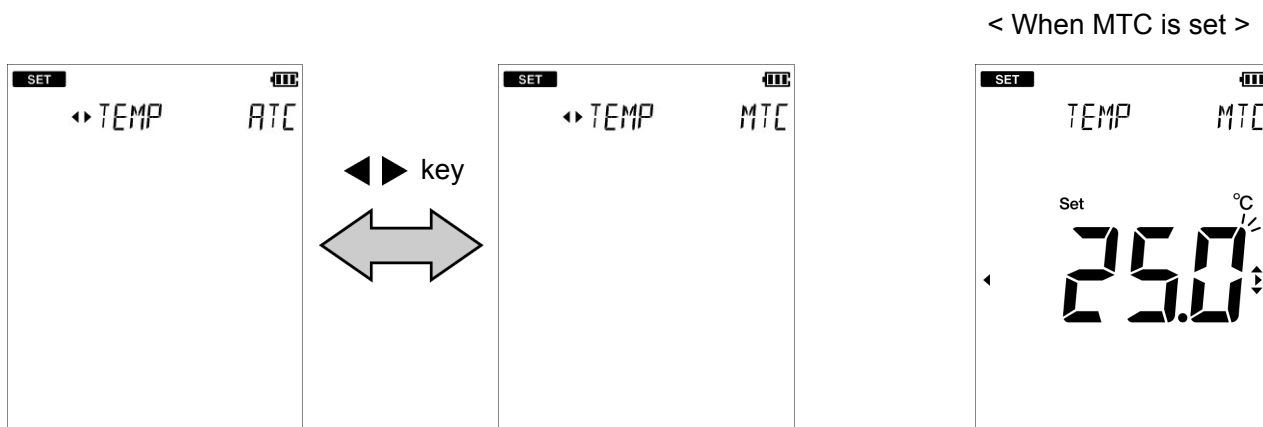
Automatic temperature compensation function can be used by using a combination electrode equipped with a temperature sensor or connecting a temperature compensation electrode. By measuring temperature during calibration of the pH standard solution and compensating for the change in pH value of the standard solution due to its temperature changes, you can perform calibration using the value matched to the standard solution temperature (only when the standard solution setting is NIST and USA). However, the function does not convert the pH value according to the temperature characteristics of each sample, and you must record the obtained value together with the sample temperature value. The variation of pH value accompanying the temperature change differs depending on the sample.

If you do not use the automatic temperature compensation function, match the temperature setting of the instrument to the temperature of the standard solution during calibration and match the sample temperature to the temperature setting of the instrument in measurement. By doing so, you can obtain the correct measurement value without being affected by sensitivity variation caused by temperature.

1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "TEMP" (temperature setting) and then press the  key.



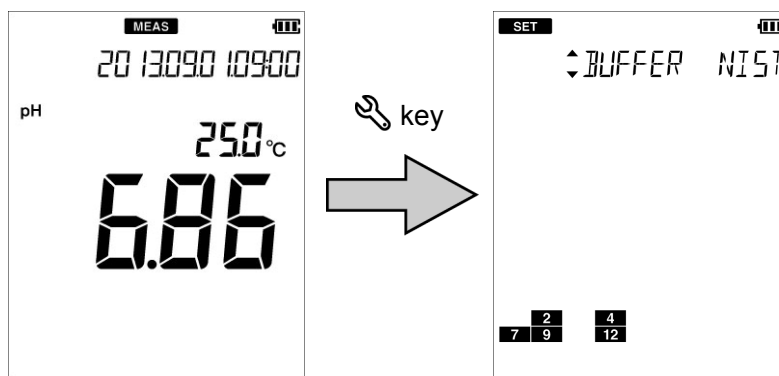
3. Press the ◀▶ keys to select the "ATC" (automatic temperature compensation) or the "MTC" (manual temperature compensation) and then press the ● key.
4. If you select the "MTC", enter the temperature to be compensated for and then press the ● key.



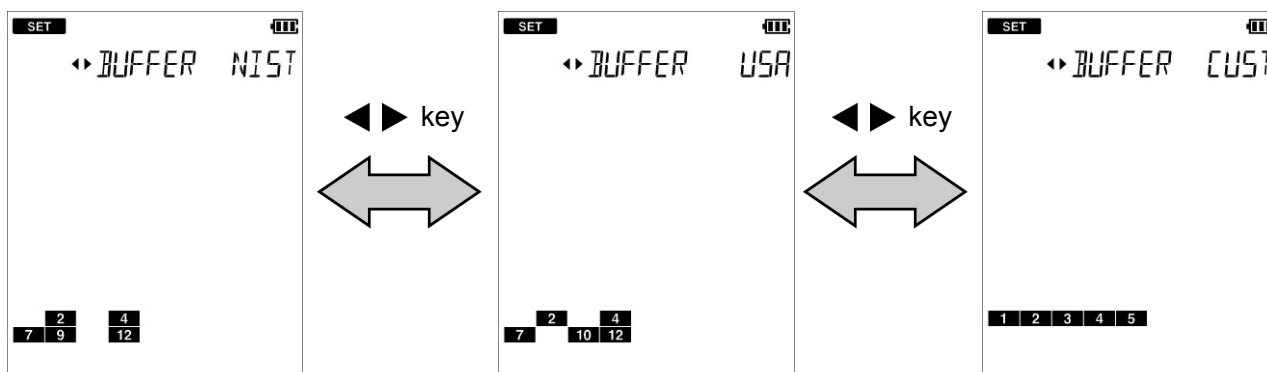
• **Setting the standard solution used for calibration (default: NIST)**

Set the standard solution used for calibration. With this instrument, you can choose from 3 types, NIST, USA, and CUST (the standard solution other than NIST and USA). Set according to the standard solution to be used.

1. Press the 🔑 key to enter the setting mode.
2. Select the "BUFFER" (pH standard solution setting) and then press the ● key.



3. Press the ◀▶ keys to select "NIST", "USA", or "CUST" according to the standard solution to be used and then press the ● key.



• **Standard solution type**

Standard solution type	Description
NIST (Japanese specification)	Set to use the standard solution of the Japanese specification. Standard solution icon 2 4 7 9 12
USA (USA specification)	Set to use the standard solution of the USA specification. Standard solution icon 2 4 7 10 12
CUST (custom specification)	Set to use the standard solution of an optional specification. Standard solution icon 1 2 3 4 5

Note

The calibration value of the pH 7 standard solution differs between NIST and USA.
 NIST: pH 6.865 (at 25°C)
 USA: pH 7.000 (at 25°C)

● Performing calibration

Calibration is necessary to measure pH accurately.

We recommend performing calibration once a day, before the first measurement.

According to the following procedure, perform calibration accurately.

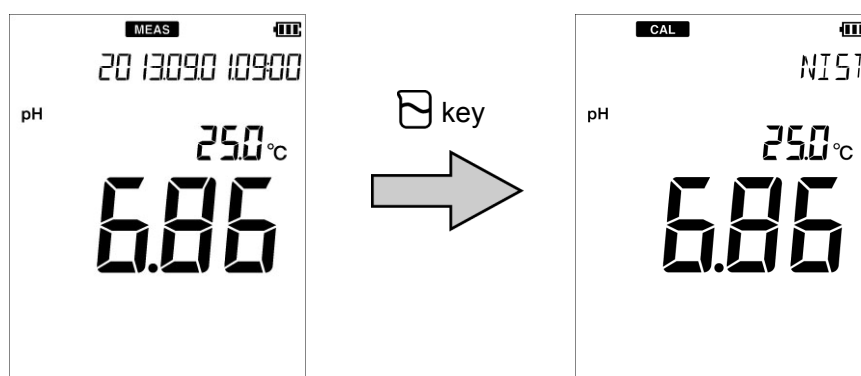
Note

- Perform two-point calibration using pH 7 and pH 4 when you know that the sample is acidic; pH 7 and pH 9 when you know that the sample is alkaline.
- Perform three-point calibration using pH 4, pH 7, and pH 9 when the sample is unknown.
- You can confirm the current calibration data in the data mode and delete the calibration data in the setting mode. (Refer to “Displaying the latest calibration and inspection data” (page 33), “Deleting calibration data” (page 35).)

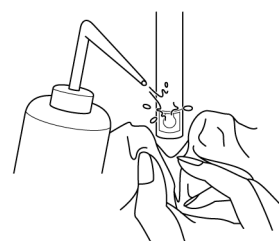
• pH standard solution setting is NIST or USA

This section describes the procedure for two-point calibration of NIST, pH 4 and 7, as a general calibration example.

1. Press the key to enter the calibration mode.

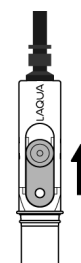


2. Wash the pH electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.



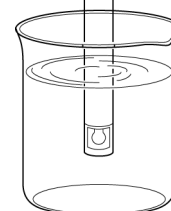
3. Open the internal solution filler port of the pH electrode.


If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stabilized. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.



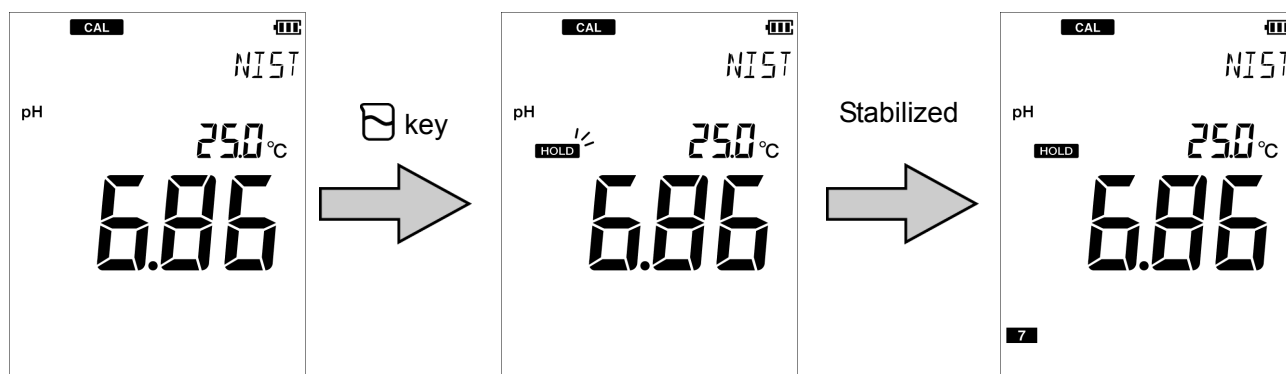
4. Perform the 1st point calibration. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode in the pH 7 standard solution.

In order to flow the internal solution into the standard solution, immerse the liquid junction in the standard solution surely.

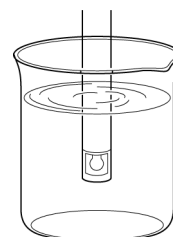


5. Check that the pH value is stable while the pH electrode is immersed in the standard solution, then press the  key.

Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and calibration to the standard solution value at the measured temperature is performed. The 1st point calibration ends and the calibration history icon "7" lights, indicating that pH 7 calibration is complete.




6. Perform the 2nd point calibration. As with the step 2., wash the pH electrode and immerse it in the pH 4 standard solution. As with the step 4., immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode.

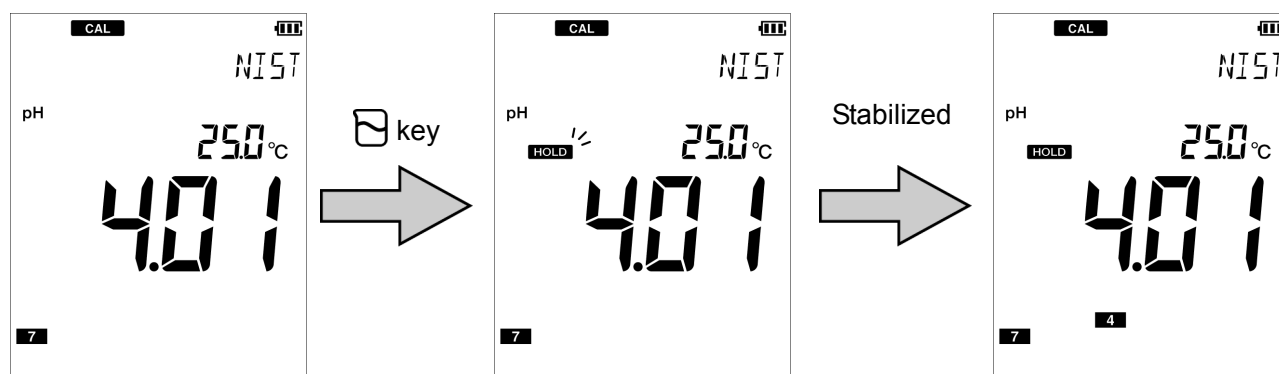


7. Press the  key.

The current measured value display appears.

8. Check that the pH value is stable while the pH electrode is immersed in the standard solution, then press the  key.


Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and calibration to the standard solution value at the measured temperature is performed. The 2nd point calibration ends and the calibration history icon "4" lights, indicating that pH 4 calibration is complete.



Two-point calibration is complete.

When calibrating three points or more, use the same procedure to continue calibrating the 3rd and subsequent points after the 2nd point calibration. You can calibrate up to five points. Also, you can inspect repeatability using the pH 7 standard solution. About the repeatability inspection procedure, refer to "Inspecting repeatability" (page 21).

Tip




- You can cancel calibration by pressing the  key while the HOLD icon is blinking.
- The order of calibration of the standard solution is optional.
In the above example, you can calibrate pH 4 first and then pH 7.

Note


If calibration of any standard solution is performed again in the calibration mode, only the value of calibrated solution is updated. If you change to the measurement mode and then enter the calibration mode to perform calibration again, all previous data is updated.

Confirming the pH electrode status

After calibration is complete, the current pH electrode status is diagnosed from the calibration result. Use this information for maintenance of the electrode.

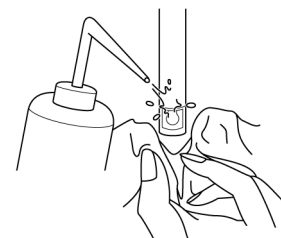
Display	Description	Reference
Both  , ERR No. are not displayed	Electrode sensitivity: 93% to 100% Good condition.	—
 blinks	Electrode sensitivity: 90% to 93% Urgent measures are not required but attention is necessary.	P. 50
 lights	Electrode sensitivity: 85% to 90% Check the electrode immediately.	P. 50
ERR No.0004	The asymmetry potential is out of the setting range that allows proper measurement. Maintain or replace the electrode.	P. 54
ERR No.0005	The sensitivity is out of the setting range that allows proper measurement. Maintain or replace the electrode.	P. 55

• Inspecting repeatability

You can inspect repeatability using the pH 7 standard solution by pressing the  key on the screen after calibration. Measure the pH 7 standard solution by using the calibrated electrode to display the absolute value of the difference between the measured value and standard solution value.

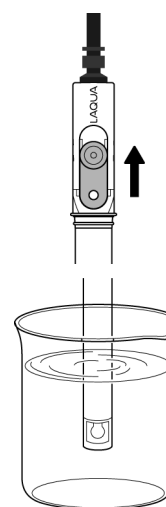
In order to inspect repeatability, you need to perform calibration of the pH 7 standard solution with either "NIST" or "USA" set as the standard solution.

1. Wash the calibrated pH electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.



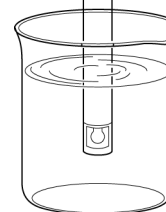
2. Open the internal solution filler port of the pH electrode.


If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stabilized. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.

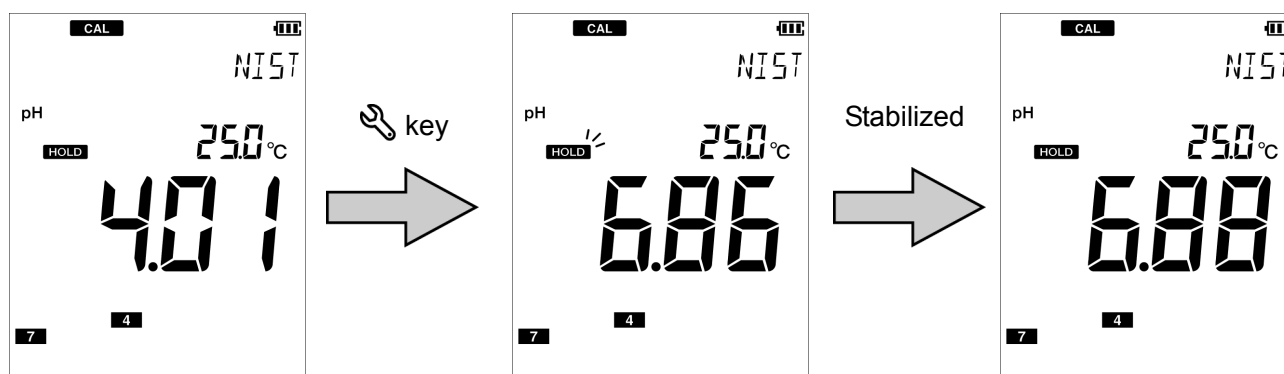


3. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode in the pH 7 standard solution.

In order to flow the internal solution into the standard solution, immerse the liquid junction in the standard solution surely.



4. While the pH electrode is immersed in the standard solution, press the  key. Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and the display is fixed to the measured value at the stable time.



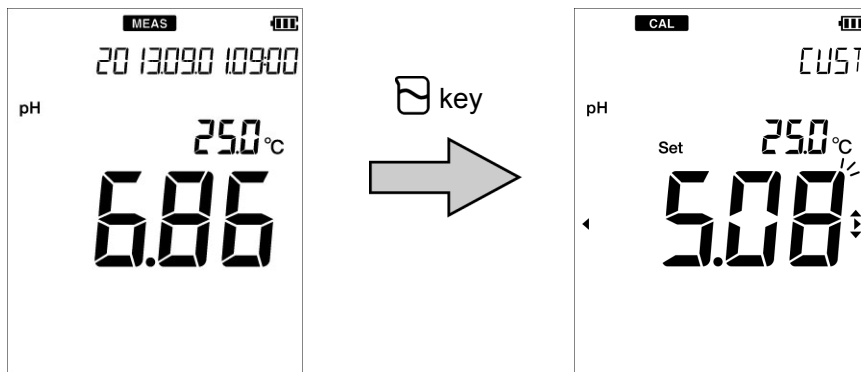
Note

Repeatability inspection can be performed only once for one calibration.

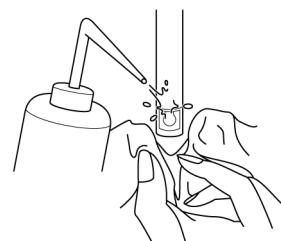
• **pH standard solution setting is CUST**

This section describes the procedure for two-point calibration.

1. Press the  key to enter the calibration mode and enter the standard solution value for the 1st point calibration.

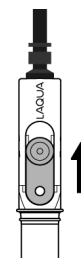


2. Wash the pH electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.



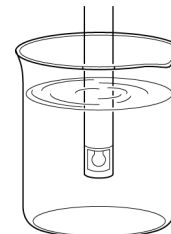
3. Open the internal solution filler port of the pH electrode.


If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stabilized. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.

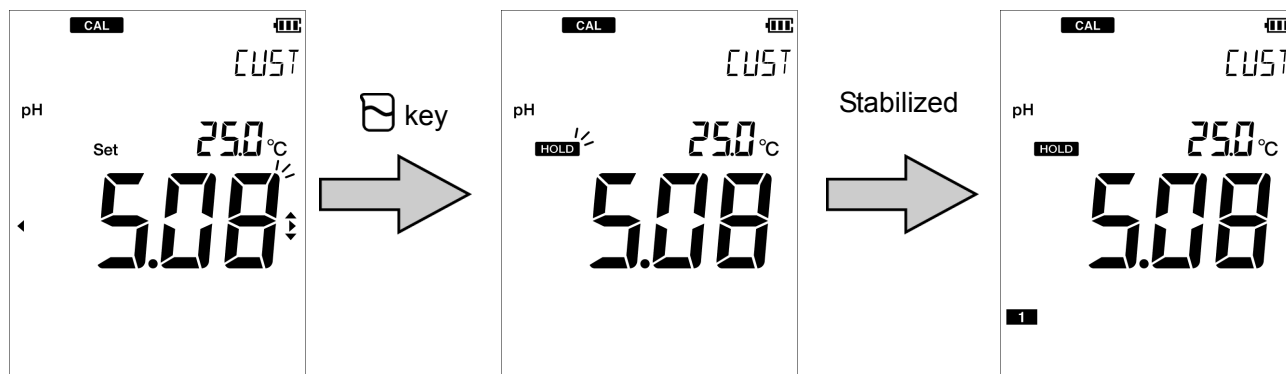


4. Perform the 1st point calibration. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode in standard solution of the value entered in step 1.

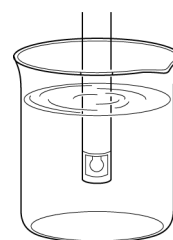
In order to flow the internal solution into the standard solution, immerse the liquid junction in the standard solution surely.





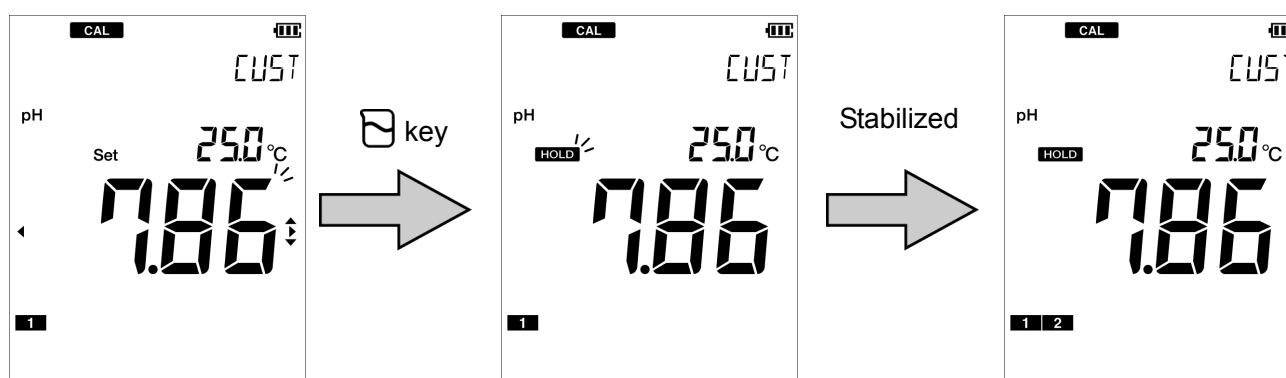
5. While the pH electrode is immersed in the standard solution, press the  key. Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and calibration to the set standard solution value is performed. 1st point calibration ends and the calibration history icon "1" lights, indicating that the 1st point calibration is complete.



6. Perform the 2nd point calibration. As with the step 2., wash the pH electrode and immerse it in the 2nd standard solution. As with the step 4., immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode.



7. Press the  key and enter the standard solution value for the second point.
8. While the pH electrode is immersed in the standard solution, press the  key. Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and calibration to the set standard solution value is performed. 2nd point calibration ends and the calibration history icon "2" lights, indicating that the 2nd point calibration is complete.



Two-point calibration is complete.

When calibrating three points or more, use the same procedure to continue calibrating the 3rd and subsequent points after the 2nd calibration. You can calibrate up to five points.

Tip




You can cancel calibration by pressing the  key while the HOLD icon is blinking.

Note

If calibration of any standard solution is performed again in the calibration mode, only the value of calibrated solution is updated. If you change to the measurement mode and then enter the calibration mode to perform calibration again, all previous data is updated.

Confirming the pH electrode status

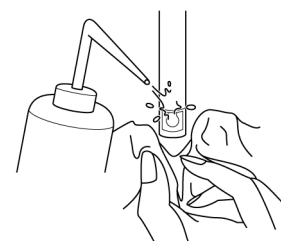
After calibration is complete, the current pH electrode status is diagnosed from the calibration result. Use this information for maintenance of the electrode.

Display	Description	Reference
Both  , ERR No. are not displayed	Electrode sensitivity: 93% to 100% Good condition.	—
 blinks	Electrode sensitivity: 90% to 93% Urgent measures are not required but attention is necessary.	P. 50
 lights	Electrode sensitivity: 85% to 90% Check the electrode immediately.	P. 50
ERR No.0004	The asymmetry potential is out of the setting range that allows proper measurement. Maintain or replace the electrode.	P. 54
ERR No.0005	The sensitivity is out of the setting range that allows proper measurement. Maintain or replace the electrode.	P. 55

● Performing measurement

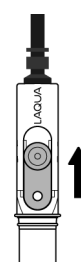
You can perform measurement in the measurement mode by immersing the pH electrode in the sample. Also, you can use the automatic hold function to perform stability judgment of the measured value.

1. Wash the pH electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.



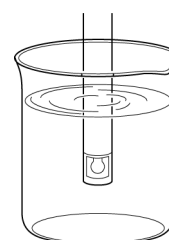
2. Open the internal solution filler port of the pH electrode.

If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stabilized. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.




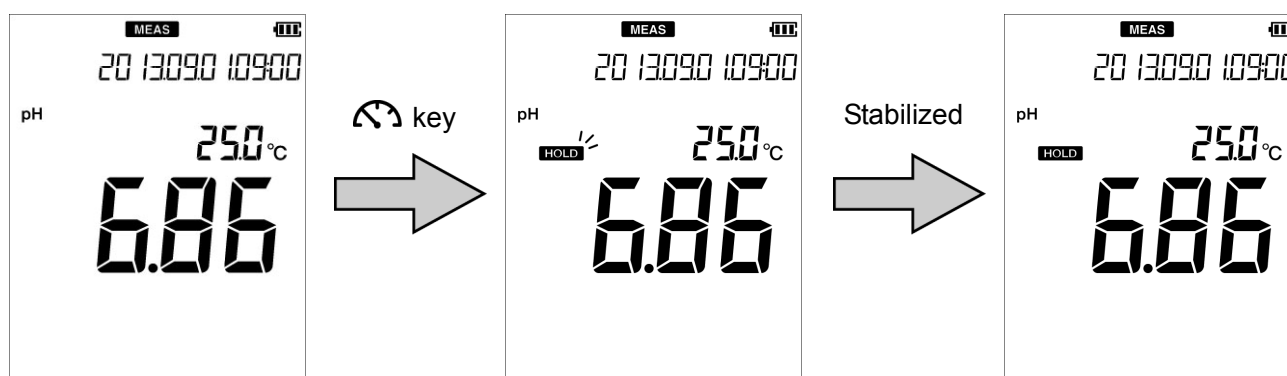
3. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode in the sample solution.

In order to flow the internal solution into the sample solution, immerse the liquid junction in the sample solution surely.



4. While the pH electrode is immersed in the sample solution, press the  key.

Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and the display is fixed to the measured value at the stable time. Press the  key again to release fixing the measured value.



Note


The criteria of stability judgment in the automatic hold measurement are as follows.

Potential variation for 10 seconds is less than 1 mV (0.015 pH equivalent) and temperature variation is less than 2.0°C

■ mV, ORP measurement

The mV measurement measures the electromotive force between the electrode and the sample by using a pH electrode. The measured value can be used to understand the status of the electrode after using the standard solution.





The ORP measurement measures the ORP (oxidation-reduction potential) of the sample by using an ORP electrode.

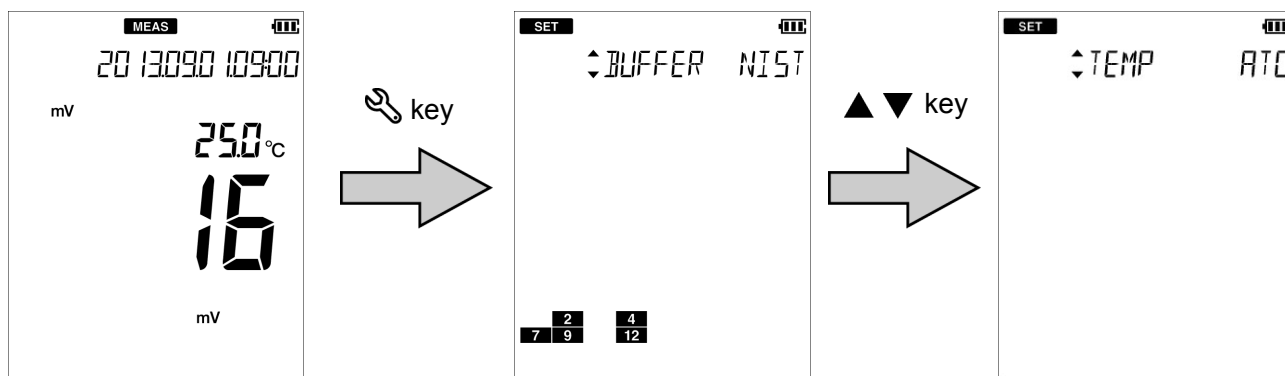
In the measurement mode, press the  key to change the measurement parameter to "mV".

● Setting the instrument

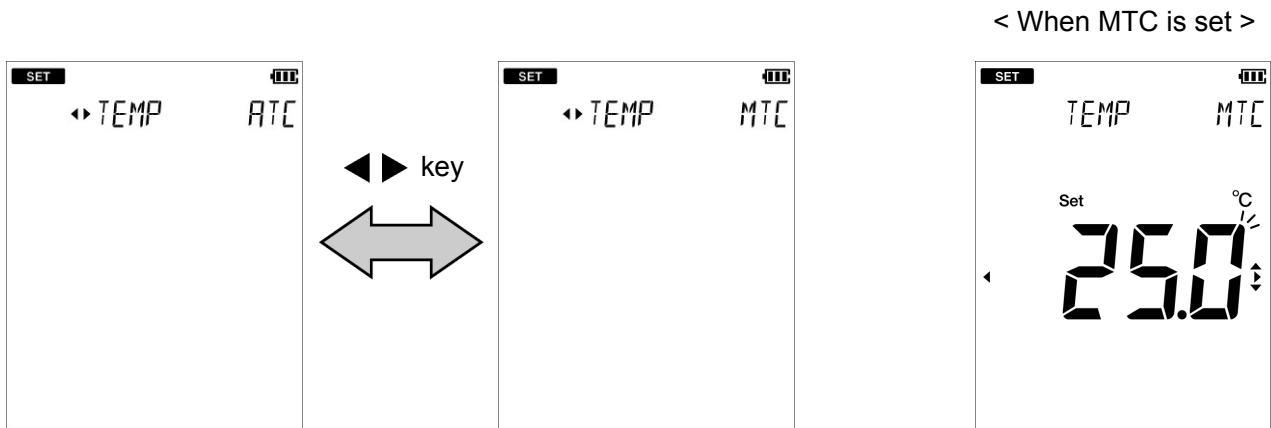
● Setting the temperature display (default: ATC)

Automatic temperature measurement function can be used by using combination electrode equipped with a temperature sensor or connecting a temperature compensation electrode. When mV or ORP are measured, the temperature sensor measures the temperature of the sample and displays the value on the instrument. If automatic temperature measurement is not used or a temperature connector is not connected to the instrument with ATC set, arbitrary temperature set in the instrument is displayed. This cannot be set separately from the automatic temperature compensation setting for pH.

1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "TEMP" (temperature setting) and then press the  key.





3. Press the ◀▶ keys to select the "ATC" (automatic temperature measurement) or the "MTC" (manual temperature display) and then press the ● key.
4. If you select the "MTC", enter the temperature to be displayed and then press the ● key.

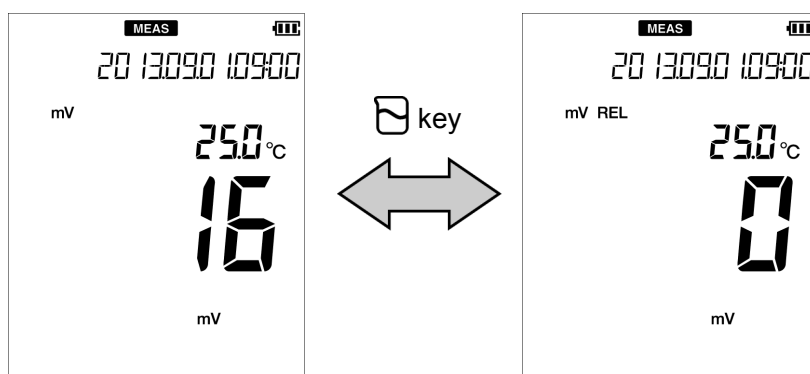


● Switching between absolute value and relative value

For the mV and ORP measurement of this instrument, there are two types of modes, the absolute value measurement and the relative value measurement.

- Absolute value measurement mode
The measured value of electromotive force is displayed.
- Relative value measurement mode
The measured value of electromotive force of a sample is corrected to 0 mV and set as a relative value. When the electromotive force of another sample is measured, the difference value between the relative value and the measured value is displayed.

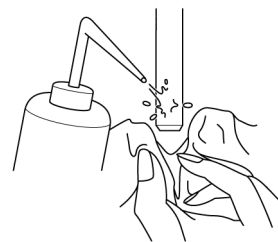
The default mode is the absolute value measurement mode. Pressing the  key switches to the relative value measurement mode. Pressing the  key again returns to the absolute value measurement mode.



● Performing measurement

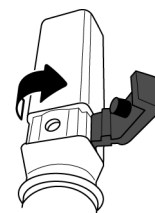
You can perform measurement in the measurement mode by immersing the electrode in the sample. Also, you can use the automatic hold function to perform stability judgment of the measured value.

1. Wash the electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.



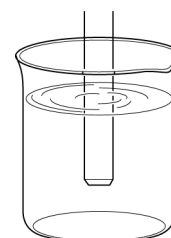
2. Open the internal solution filler port of the electrode.

If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stabilized. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.




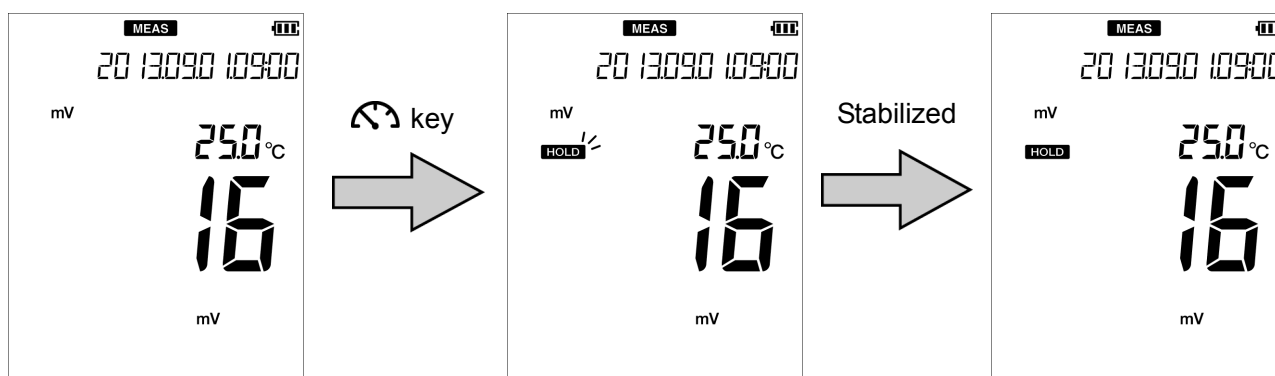
3. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode in the sample solution.

In order to flow the internal solution into the sample solution, immerse the liquid junction in the sample solution surely.



4. While the electrode is immersed in the sample solution, press the  key.

Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and the display is fixed to the measured value at the stable time. Press the  key again to release fixing the measured value.



Note

- The criteria of stability judgment in the automatic hold measurement are as follows. Potential variation for 10 seconds is less than 1 mV and temperature variation is less than 2.0°C
- Note that when measuring the ORP of a sample solution that has extremely low concentrations of oxidants and reductants (such as tap water, well water, or water treated with purifying equipment), there may be less responsiveness and repeatability in general.
- If alkaline water is left, its ORP value changes considerably. Always measure alkaline ion water promptly.

Using various functions

This section describes functions available in this instrument.

● Saving measurement data in the internal memory	30
● Displaying saved data.....	31
● Deleting all saved data.....	32
● Displaying the latest calibration and inspection data	33
• Displaying the latest calibration data	33
• Displaying the latest inspection data	34
● Deleting calibration data.....	35
● Printing measured values and calibration data.....	36
● Transferring saved data to a PC	39
● Operating the instrument from an external device	40
● Using the automatic data save (default: OFF)	41
● Setting the ID number (default: 000).....	43
● Using the calibration interval alarm (default: OFF).....	44
● Calibrating temperature sensor	45
● Changing the automatic power off setting (default: OFF).....	46
● Performing test printing of the printer unit.....	47
● Resetting to factory default settings	48

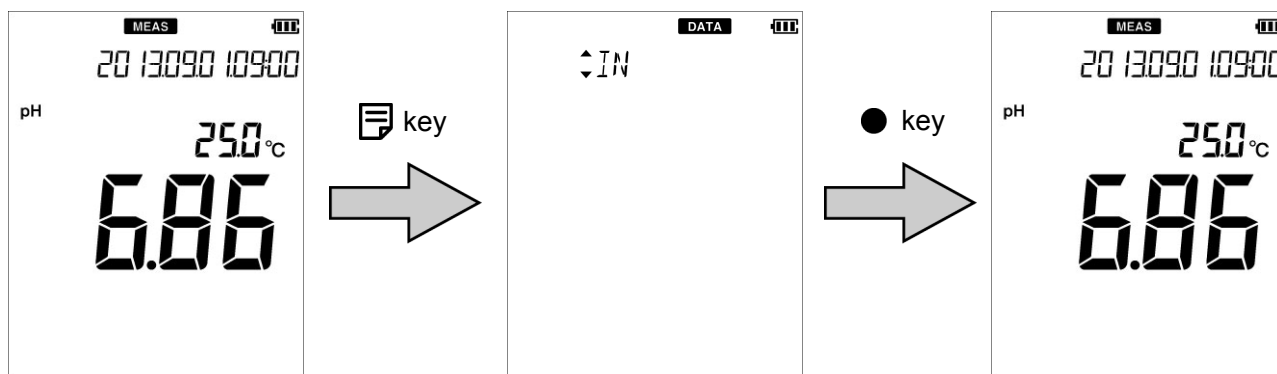
● Saving measurement data in the internal memory

Up to 1000 data items measured by the instrument can be stored in the internal memory of the instrument. The measurement data is saved in the internal memory in the measurement mode, except during the automatic hold measurement.

1. While the data to save is displayed, press the  key to enter the data mode.

2. Select "IN" (data saving) and press the ● key.

Saved data is displayed for 2 seconds and the "IN" appears automatically.











Note

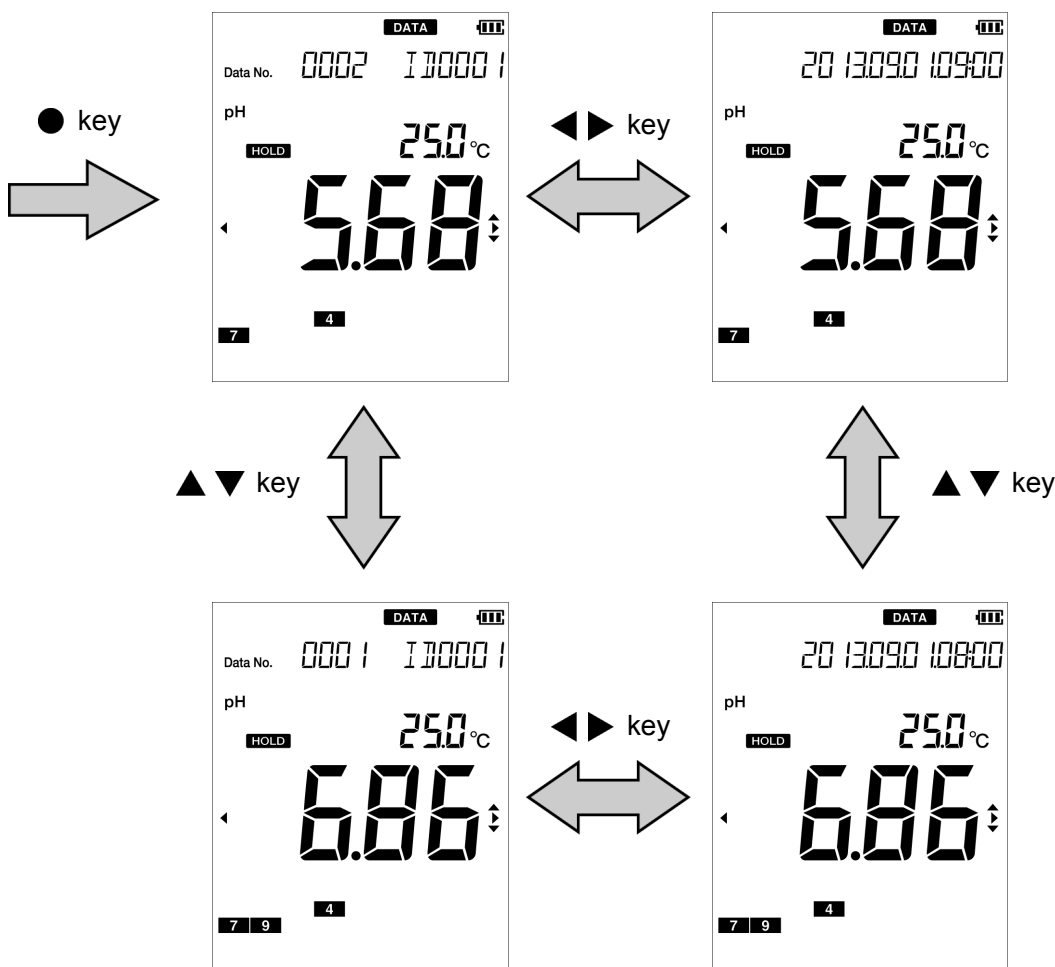
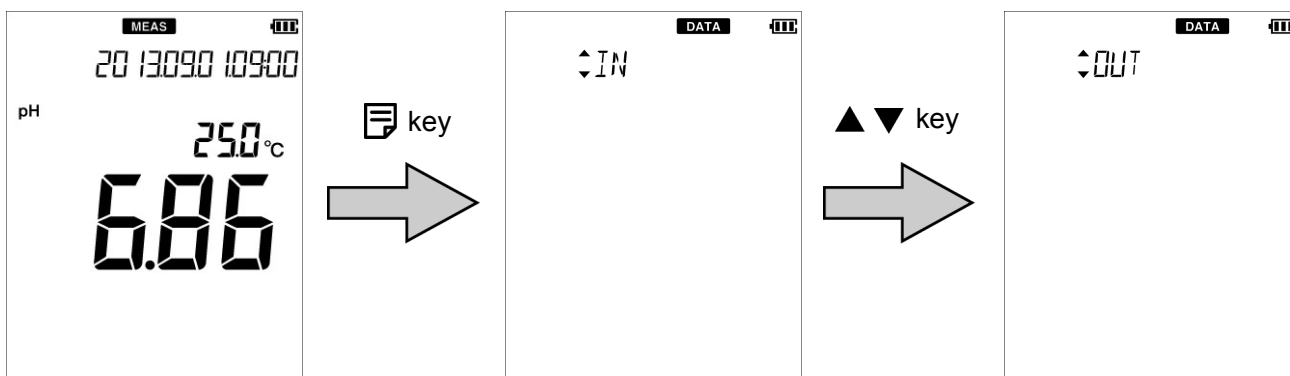
If 1000 data items have already been saved, an error occurs and "ERR No. 0010" is displayed. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC and delete the data from the memory ("Deleting all saved data" (page 32)).

● Displaying saved data

You can display the data saved in the internal memory.





1. Press the  key to enter the data mode.
2. Press the   keys to select "OUT" (display saved data) and then press the  key.

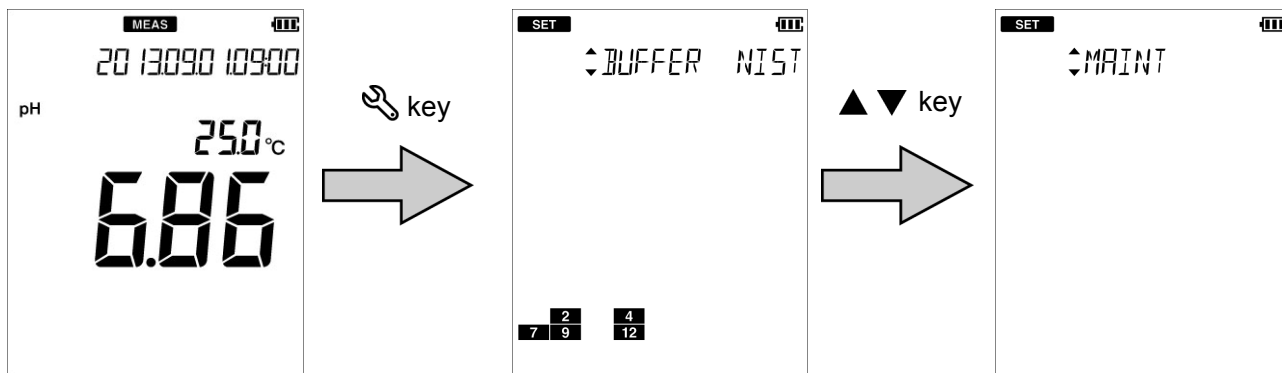
Press the   keys to change the measurement data and press the   keys to change the display between date and data number/sample ID.









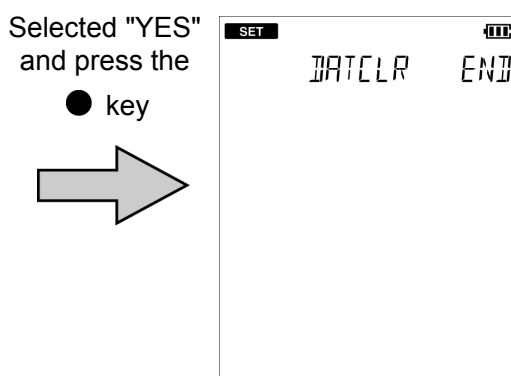
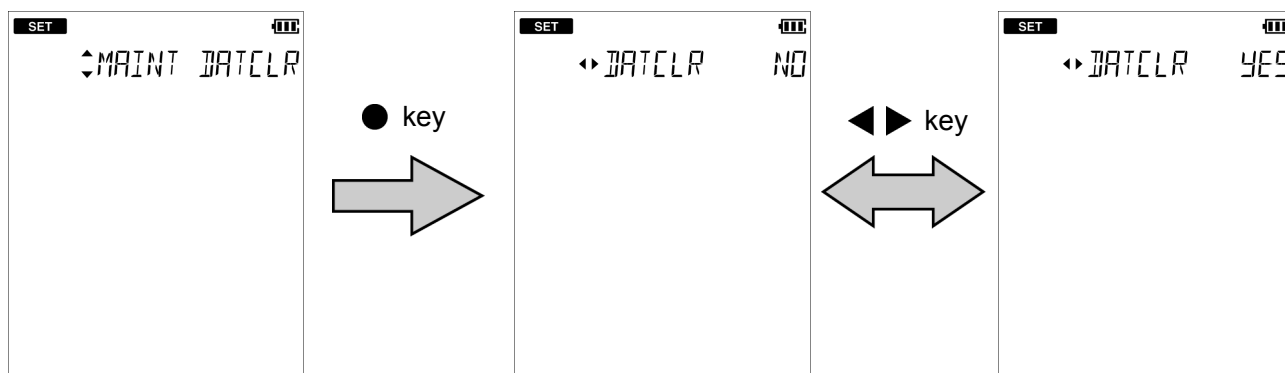
● Deleting all saved data

You can delete all data saved in the internal memory. However, you cannot delete a data individually. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC for storage.

1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the  key.



3. Press the   keys to select the "DATCLR" (delete saved data) and then press the  key.
4. Select "YES" to delete the saved data, or select "NO" to cancel deleting it. And then press the  key.
When "YES" is selected, "END" appears after deletes saved data. Press the  key.
To return to the setting mode, press the  key.






● Displaying the latest calibration and inspection data

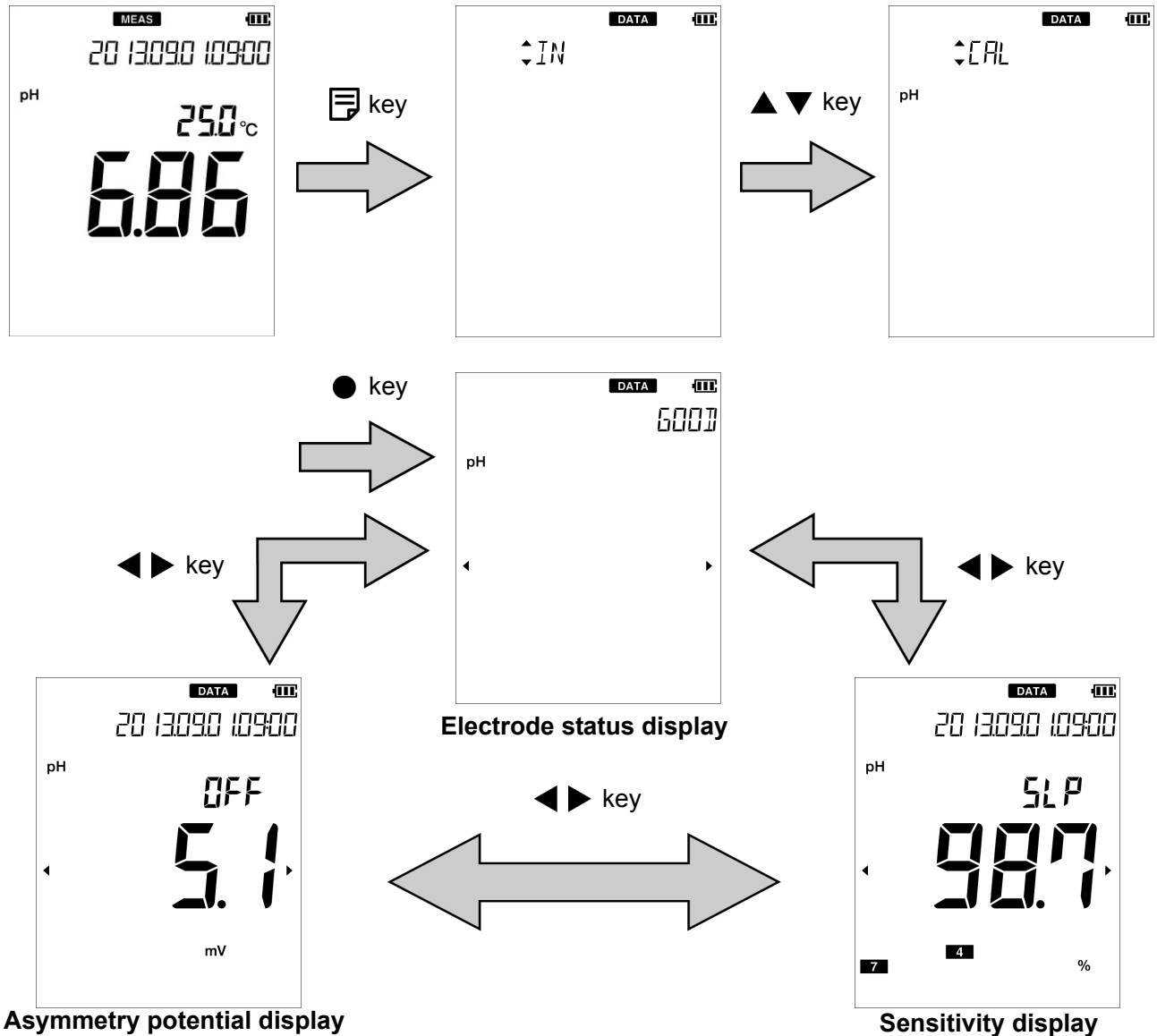
You can display the latest pH calibration data and repeatability inspection data.

• Displaying the latest calibration data

1. Press the  key to enter the data mode.

2. Press the   keys to select "CAL (pH or ION)" (display calibration data) and then press the  key.





The electrode status based on the calibration result is displayed. You can change the display item between the asymmetry potential and the sensitivity.

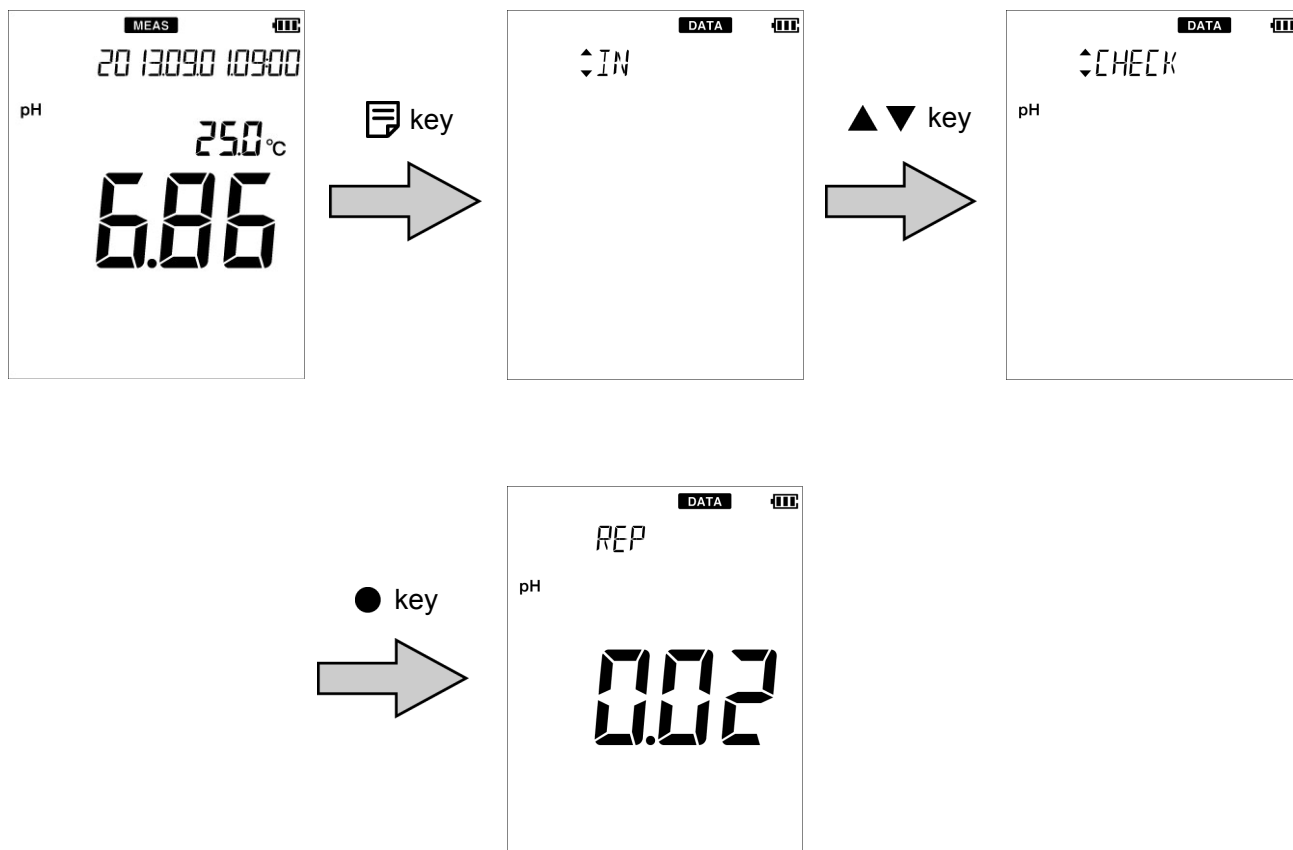


- Electrode status based on calibration result

Display	Description	Reference
GOOD	Electrode sensitivity: 93% to 100% Good condition.	—
CHECK	Electrode sensitivity: 90% to 93% Urgent measures are not required but attention is necessary.	P. 50
BAD	Electrode sensitivity: 85% to 90% Check the electrode immediately.	P. 50





• Displaying the latest inspection data

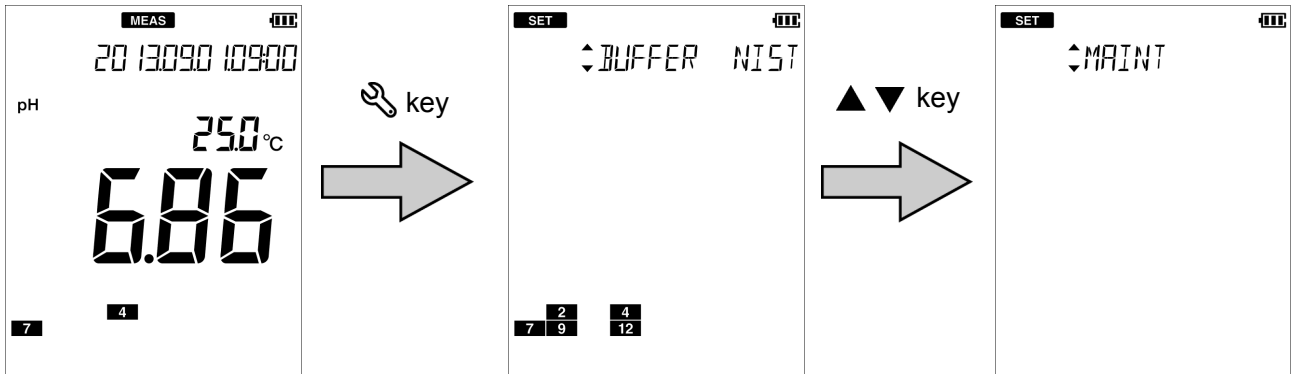
1. Press the  key to enter the data mode.
2. Press the   keys to select "CHECK" (display inspection data) and then press the  key.
Displays the repeatability value (the absolute value of the difference between the measured value and standard solution value).








● Deleting calibration data


You can delete the calibration data set in the instrument.

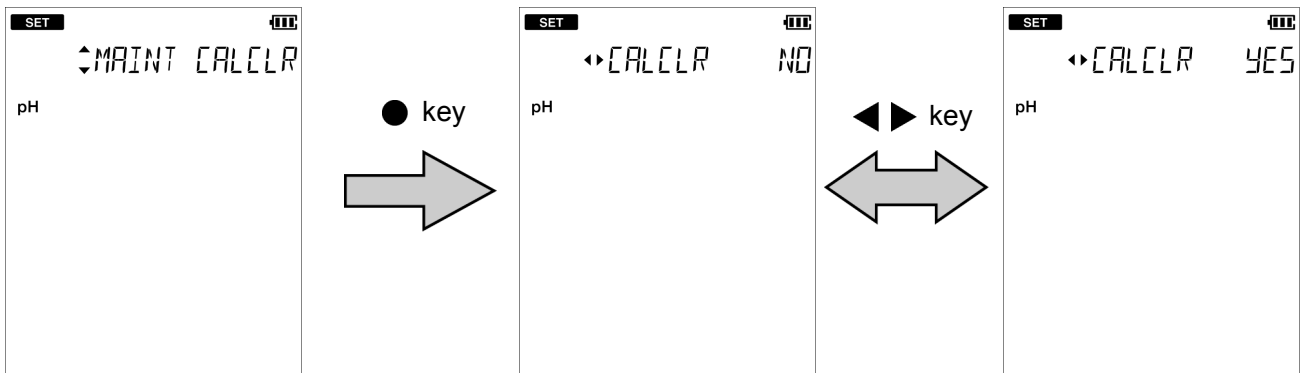
1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the  key.




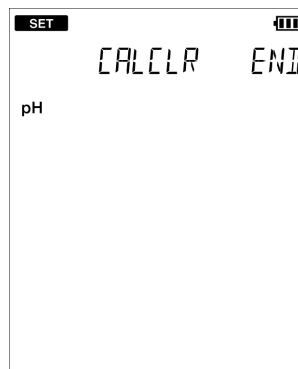
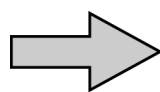
3. Press the   keys to select the "CALCLR" (delete calibration data) and then press the  key.
4. Select "YES" to delete the calibration data, or select "NO" to cancel deleting it. And then press the  key.

When "YES" is selected, "END" appears after deletes calibration data. Press the  key.

To return to the setting mode, press the  key.



Selected "YES" and press the  key



● Printing measured values and calibration data

You can print out the measured value or calibrated value displayed on the instrument, or the measurement data or the calibration data saved in the instrument. If repeatability inspection has been inspected, the inspection data is printed out with the calibration data.

Pressing the ● key starts printing during displaying the data you want to save. Use the printer cable (“ Options ” (page 69)) to connect the printer unit with the instrument beforehand. If the automatic data memory is set to "ON", you cannot print out in the measurement mode.

Reference

For details of how to display measurement data and calibration data, refer to the respective section.

“ Displaying saved data ” (page 31)

“ Displaying the latest calibration and inspection data ” (page 33)

The format of the printout is shown on the below when using pH (two point calibration).

< Measurement data >

Printout format	Description
Date : 2013/09/01	Measurement date
Time : 09 : 00	Measurement time
Channel : 1	Measurement channel
pH : 5.22	Measured value
HOLD : AUTO	HOLD status Hold value: AUTO Not hold value: INST
Temperature : 25.5°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
Sample : 0000	Sample ID number
Inst. model : D-72	Instrument model
Inst. SN : KL1TSE09	Instrument serial number
Elect. status : OK	Electrode status based on calibration result
Offset : 0.7 mV	Asymmetry potential of calibration data
Sensitivity	Sensitivity of calibration data
pH 4.01 - 6.86 : 98.9%	

< The data saved in internal memory >

Printout format	Description
Memory Num : 0001	Data number
Date : 2013/09/01	Measurement date
Time : 09 : 00	Measurement time
Channel : 1	Measurement channel
pH : 5.22	Measured value
HOLD : INST	HOLD status Hold value: AUTO Not hold value: INST
Temperature : 25.0°C MTC	Temperature value and temperature setting
Sample : 0000	Sample ID number
Inst. model : D-72	Instrument model
Inst. SN : KL1TSE09	Instrument serial number
Elect. status : OK	Electrode status based on calibration result

< Calibration data (pH, inspection was performed) >

Printout format	Description
Inst. model : D-72	Instrument model
Inst. SN : KL1TSE09	Instrument serial number
Elect. status : OK	Electrode status based on calibration result
Offset : 0.7 mV	Asymmetry potential of calibration data
Sensitivity	Sensitivity of calibration data
pH 4.01 - 6.86 : 98.9%	
Repeatability : 0.01	Repeatability of calibration data
Calibration data	
Date : 2013/09/01	Calibration date
Time : 09 : 00	Calibration time
pH 4.01 : 176.9 mV	Measurement potential
: 25.0°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
pH 6.86 : 7.6 mV	Measurement potential
: 25.1°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
Inspection before use	
pH 6.85 : 7.8 mV	Measurement potential at time of repeatability inspection
: 25.1°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting

Printing measured values and calibration data

< Calibration data (pH, inspection was not performed) >

Printout format	Description
Inst. model : D-72	Instrument model
Inst. SN : KL1TSE09	Instrument serial number
Elect. status : OK	Electrode status based on calibration result
Offset : 0.7 mV	Asymmetry potential of calibration data
Sensitivity	Sensitivity of calibration data
pH 4.01 - 6.86 : 98.9%	
Calibration data	
Date : 2013/09/01	Calibration date
Time : 09 : 00	Calibration time
pH 4.01 : 176.9 mV	Measurement potential
: 25.0°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
pH 6.86 : 7.6 mV	Measurement potential
: 25.1°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting

< Inspection data (pH) >

Printout format	Description
Inst. model : D-72	Instrument model
Inst. SN : KL1TSE09	Instrument serial number
Calibration data	
Date : 2013/09/01	Calibration date
Time : 09 : 00	Calibration time
Inspection before use	
Repeatability : 0.01	Repeatability of calibration data
pH 6.85 : 7.8 mV	Measurement potential at time of repeatability inspection
: 25.1°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting

● Transferring saved data to a PC

By using a serial cable (“ Options ” (page 69)) to connect the instrument to a PC, you can transfer the saved data to the PC and edit it. Connect the serial connector at the instrument side to the serial port on the PC.

To save and edit data, prepare the software "FD-70".

You can download "FD-70" from our website.

In order to download the software, you need to complete user registration. Refer to the separate sheet "Introduction for user registration" to register as a user.

For details of how to use the "FD-70", refer to the "FD-70" instruction manual, which you can download from our website as well.

The required PC specifications and recommended PC specifications for using the "FD-70" are shown in the following table.

Item	Required PC specifications	Recommended PC specifications
Memory	256 MB or more	512 MB or more
CPU	1 GHz or more	1.6 GHz or more
HDD free space	5 GB or more	10 GB or more
OS	Windows XP (SP3), Windows Vista, Windows 7, or Windows 8	
Display	Super VGA (800 × 600) or more	
Connector	Serial connector (D-Sub 9pin)	

Note

- If you are not using the RS-232C communication, close the connector cover tightly.
- While using the RS-232C communication, the instrument is not dust-proof or waterproof. Do not use the RS-232C communication in a dusty place or with wet hands.

● Operating the instrument from an external device

You can remotely operate the instrument from an external device (ex.PC) via the RS-232C communication. Use the serial cable to connect the serial connector on the instrument side and the serial port on the PC.

When using this function, pay attention to the following points.

- Use the optional serial cable to connect the unit to a PC (“ Options ” (page 69)).
- Make sure that the transfer formats used in the instrument and a PC are the same. When different transfer formats are used, a communication error occurs and the online mode does not start up, and as a result RS-232C communication cannot be performed. Also, when the transfer format is changed, turn OFF the power of the instrument and PC and then reboot them.

The transfer format of the instrument is as follows.

- Baud rate: 2400 bps
- Character length: 8 bits
- Parity: None
- Stop bit: 1 bit

You can download a list of communication commands from our website.

In order to download the list, you need to complete user registration. Refer to the separate sheet "Introduction for user registration" to register as a user.

Note





- If you are not using the RS-232C communication, close the connector cover tightly.
 - While using the RS-232C communication, the instrument is not dust-proof or waterproof. Do not use the RS-232C communication in a dusty place or with wet hands.
-

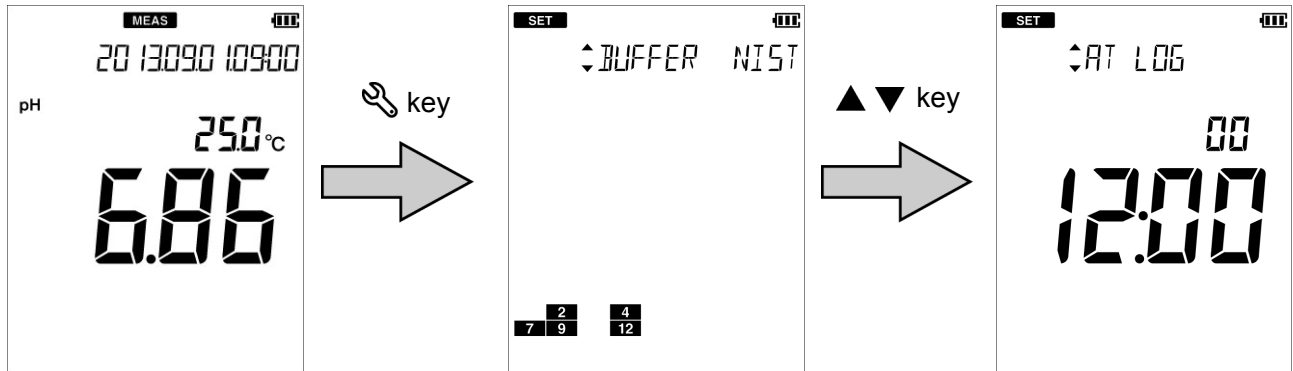
● Using the automatic data save (default: OFF)

You can automatically save data in the internal memory at the specified interval.


While using this function, the automatic power off setting is disabled.

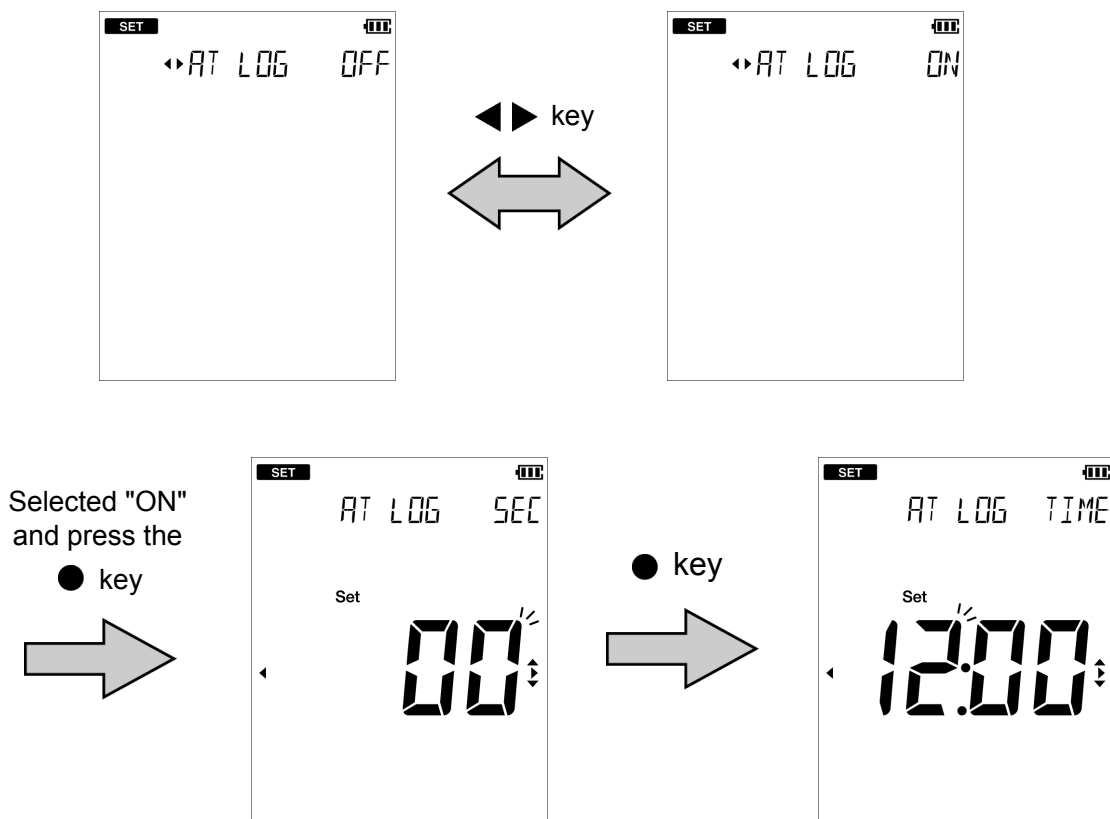
If the batteries run out while using the automatic data save function, the data saved until just before the batteries run out. Replace the batteries and check the data.

1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "AT LOG" (automatic data save) and then press the  key.



3. Select "ON" to use this function, or select "OFF" not to use it. And then press the  key.


When "ON" is selected, enter the period setting of seconds, hours, and minutes, in that order and press the  key.



4. Press the  key to enter the measurement mode.

When this setting is "ON", "AUTO LOG", which indicates that the automatic data save function is on, is displayed.





5. Pressing the  key starts saving the data (when the setting is "ON").

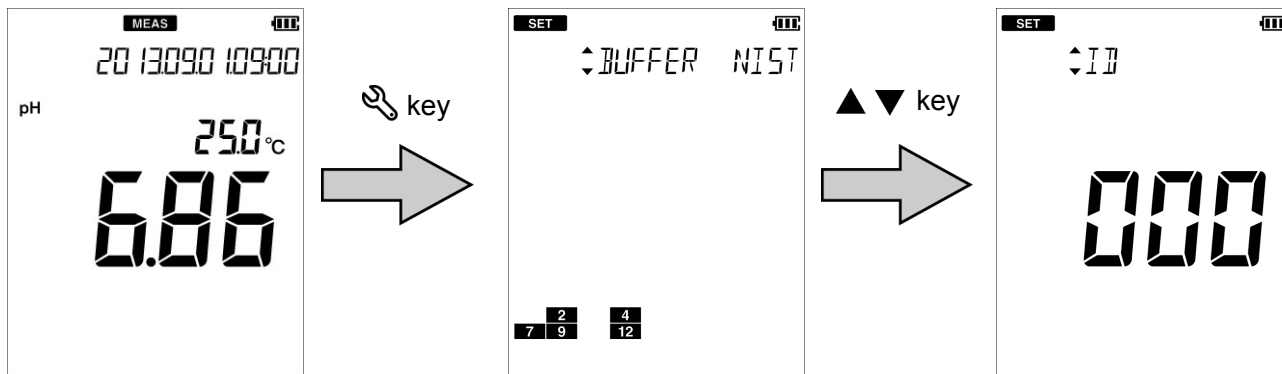
Pressing the  key again stops the data saving process. During automatic data saving measurement, data is displayed for one second each time a measurement takes place. When more than 1000 data items are saved, "ERR No. 0010" is displayed and data saving is stopped. When you delete the data, the error is cleared ("Deleting all saved data" (page 32)).




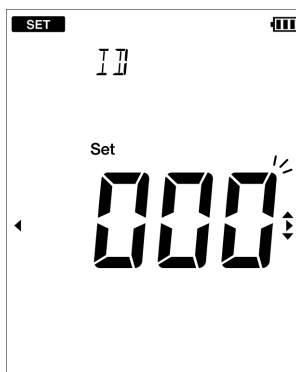
● Setting the ID number (default: 000)

You can set an ID number to differentiate the sample of the data to be saved. When the data is saved in the internal memory, the ID number entered in this setting is saved together with the data.

1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "ID" (ID number setting) and then press the  key.







3. Enter the ID number to set and press the  key.
The setting range is 000 to 2999.

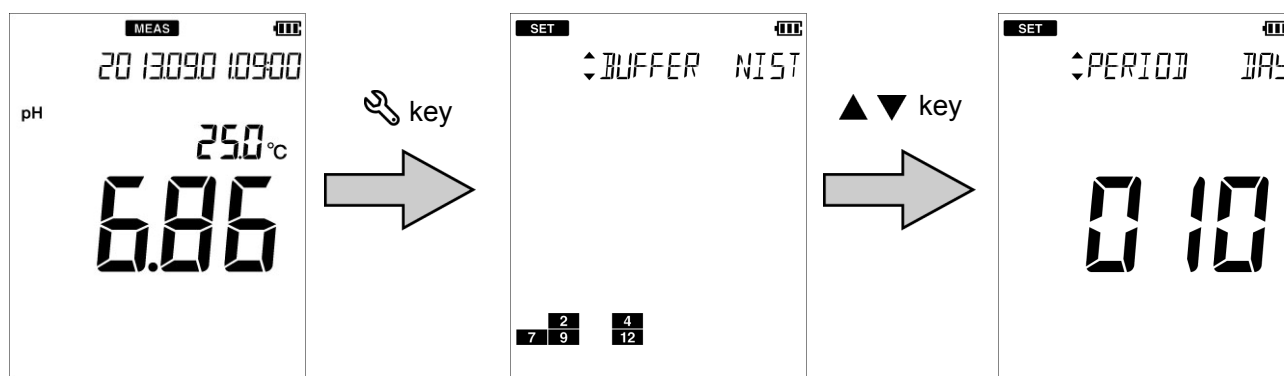


● Using the calibration interval alarm (default: OFF)


If calibration has not been performed in pH measurement or calibration has not been performed for a certain period of time after calibration is performed, "ERR No. 0008" is displayed to prevent forgetting to perform calibration.

When calibration data is deleted with this function set, an error is displayed immediately. When the error is displayed, performing calibration clears the error.

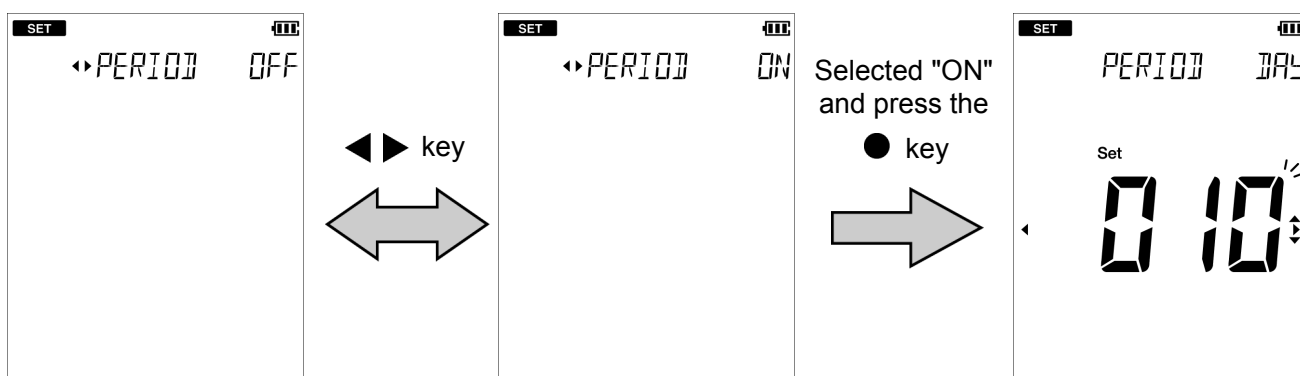
1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "PERIOD" (calibration interval setting) and then press the  key.



3. Select "ON" to use this function, or select "OFF" not to use it. And then press the  key.





When "ON" is selected, enter the setting period of the calibration interval alarm and then press the  key.

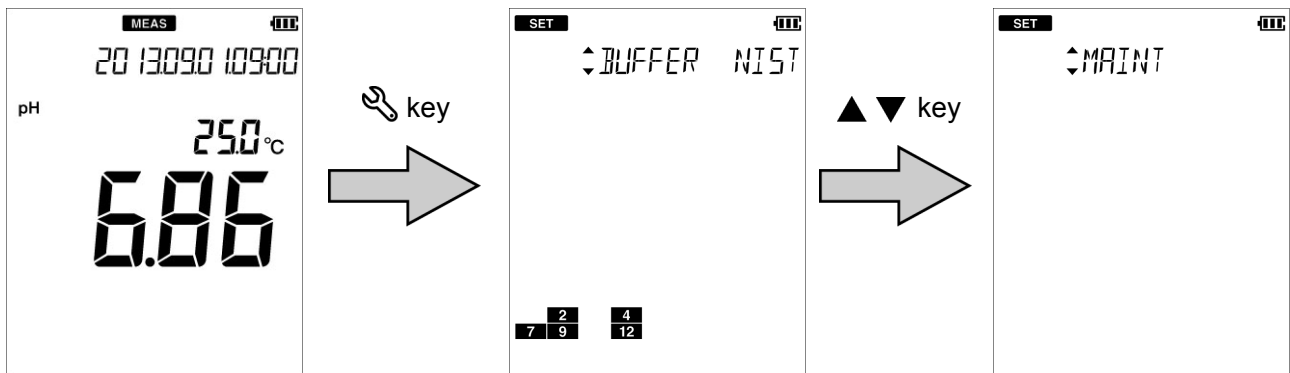
The setting range is 1 day to 400 days.








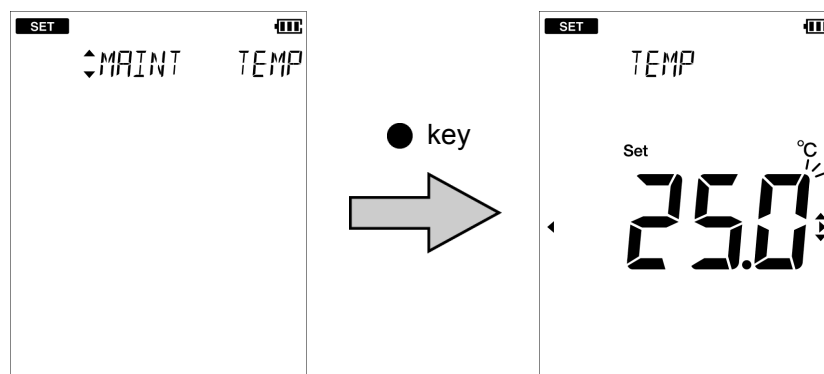
● Calibrating temperature sensor

The temperature sensor or temperature compensation electrode in the combination electrode has $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ accuracy without calibration. You can use a known temperature solution to calibrate the temperature sensor.

1. Immerse the electrode into the solution until the temperature sensor is immersed.
2. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
3. Press the   keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the  key.



4. Press the   keys to select the "TEMP" (temperature calibration setting) and then press the  key.
5. Enter the set temperature and press the  key.
The temperature sensor is calibrated.
To return to the setting mode, press the  key.







Note

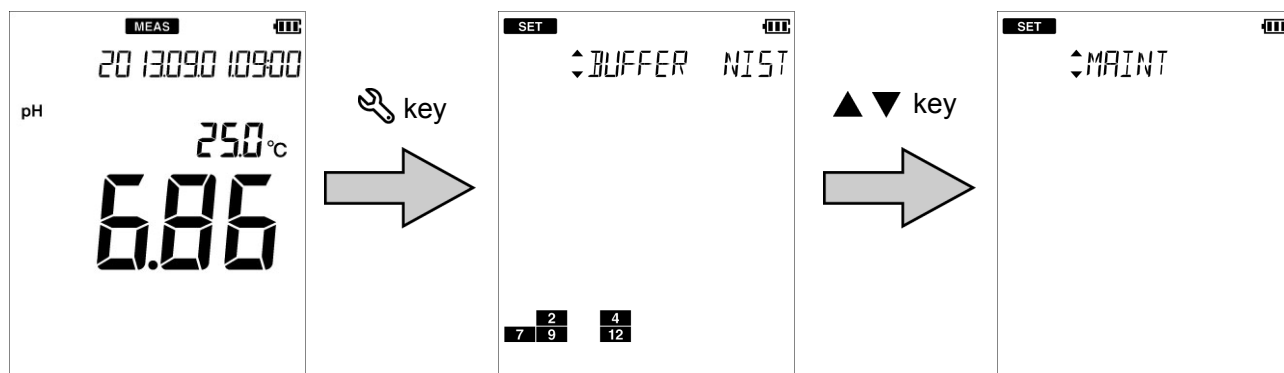
When initializing temperature calibration data, all settings need to be initialized. Perform initialization by referring to "Resetting to factory default settings" (page 48). When initialization is performed, all saved data is deleted. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC for storage.





● Changing the automatic power off setting (default: OFF)


You can set the instrument to automatically turn OFF when there is no key operation for a certain period of time.


This function is disabled during automatic data memory saving or remote operation using an external device.

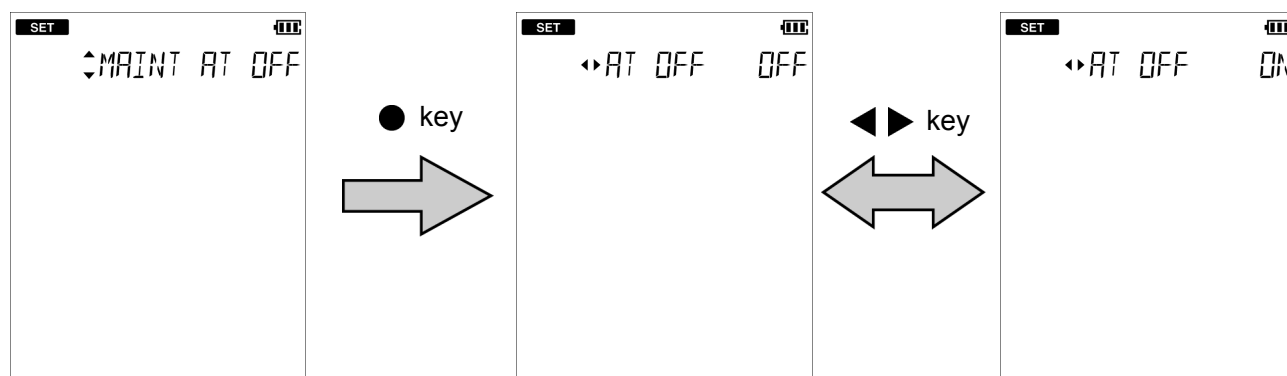
1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the  key.




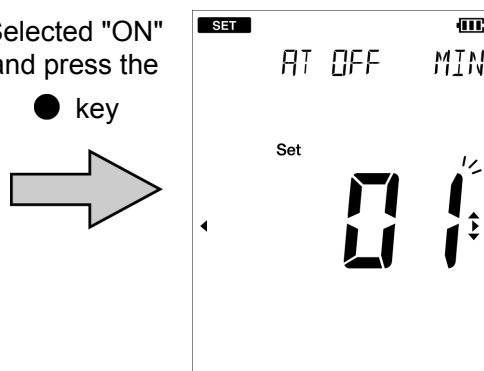
3. Press the   keys to select the "AT OFF" (automatic power off setting) and then press the  key.
4. Select "ON" to use this function, or select "OFF" not to use it. And then press the  key.

When "ON" is selected, enter the automatic power off time and press the  key. The setting range is 1 min to 30 min.

To return to the setting mode, press the  key.







Selected "ON" and press the  key

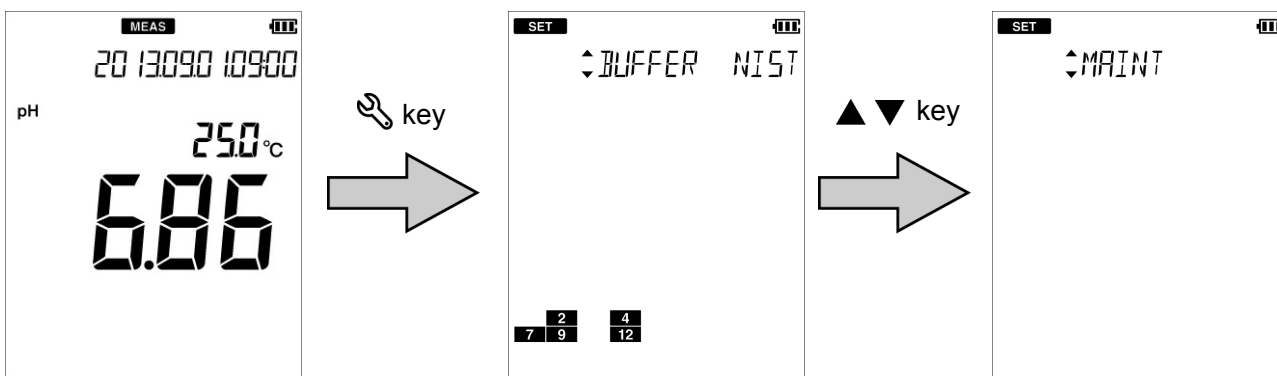







● Performing test printing of the printer unit

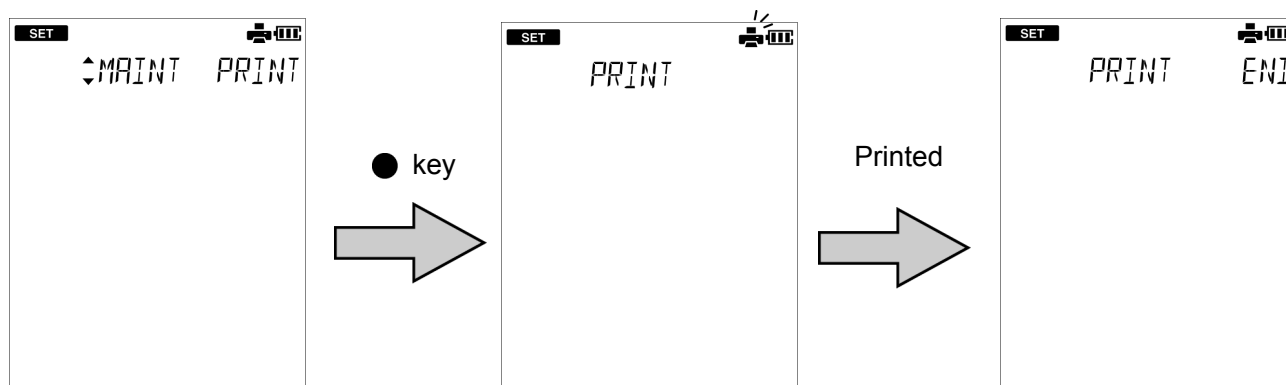
In order to check whether the printer unit is operating correctly or there is a printer communication problem, you can perform test printing. Connect the instrument and a printer correctly and perform the following procedure for test printing. As a result of test printing, if the printout is as shown below, the printer unit is operating correctly.

```
!"#$%&'()*+,-./0123
456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGH
IJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[
¥]~_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
pqrstuvwxyz{|}
```

1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the  key.







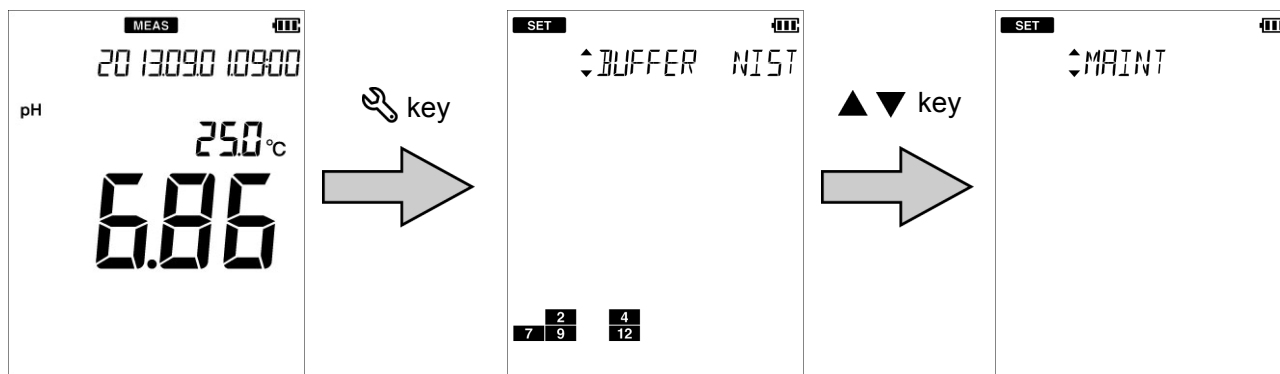
3. Press the   keys to select the "PRINT" (test print) and then press the  key. Printing starts automatically. The printer icon blinks during printing. When printing ends, the printer icon lights and "END" appears. Press the  key. To return to the setting mode, press the  key.








● Resetting to factory default settings


The instrument settings can be reset to the factory default settings. The calibration data is deleted but the data of date and time, and the saved data are not deleted. Make sure there will be no problems before using this function. When this function is used, the temperature calibration data is also initialized.

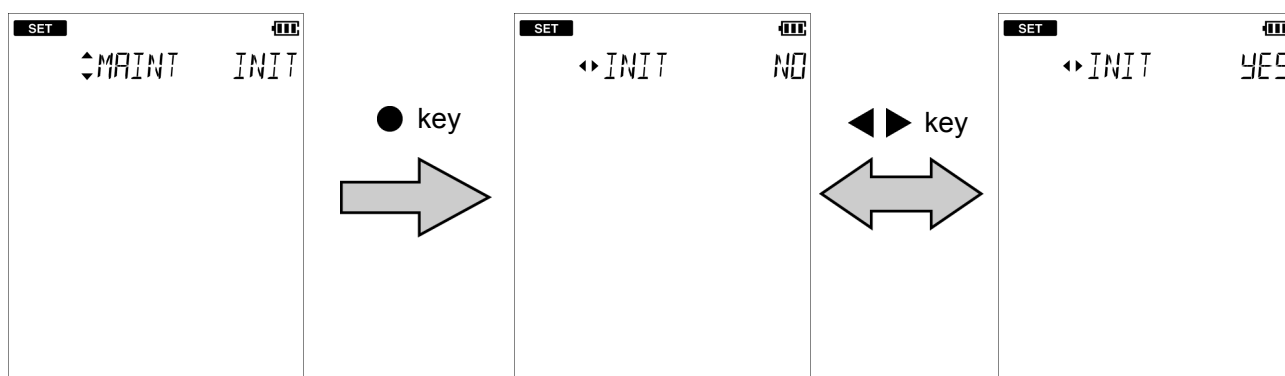
1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the  key.




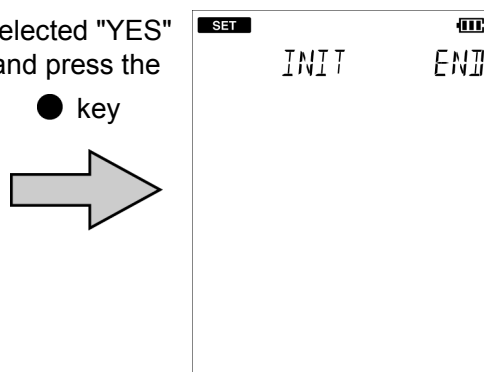
3. Press the   keys to select the "INIT" (initialize) and then press the  key.
4. Select "YES" to initialize the settings to the factory default settings, or select "NO" to cancel initialization. And then press the  key.

When "YES" is selected, "END" appears after the settings are initialized. Press the  key.

To return to the setting mode, press the  key.



Selected "YES" and press the  key



Maintenance

This section describes maintenance of the instrument and the electrodes that are used with the instrument. To use them for a long period, perform the described maintenance procedures appropriately.

● Maintenance and storage of the instrument

- If the instrument becomes dirty, wipe it gently with a soft dry cloth. If it is difficult to remove the dirt, wipe it gently with a cloth moistened with alcohol.
- The instrument is made of solvent resistant materials but that does not mean it is resistant to all chemicals. Do not dip the instrument in strong acid or alkali solution, or wipe it with such solution.
- Do not wipe the instrument with a polishing powder or other abrasive compound.

● Environmental conditions for storage

Temperature: 0°C to 45°C

Humidity: under 80% in relative humidity and free from condensation

Avoid the following conditions.

- Dusty place
- Strong vibration
- Direct sunlight
- Corrosive gas environment
- Close to an air-conditioner
- Direct wind

● Maintenance and storage of the pH electrode

For the detailed procedures for maintaining and storing electrodes, refer to the instruction manual for each electrode. This section describes an overview of the procedures for maintenance and storage to be performed as part of daily use.

• How to clean the electrode

When the tip of an electrode (responsive membrane and liquid junction) becomes dirty, the response speed may slow or an error may occur in the measurement results. To avoid such error, clean the electrode. For dirt that cannot be washed off by pure water (or deionized water), use the cleaning solution indicated below depending on the type of dirt. After cleaning, rinse the electrode with pure water (or deionized water).

Type of dirt	Cleaning solution
General	Diluted neutral cleaning solution
Oil	Alcohol, or diluted neutral cleaning solution
Inorganic substance	1 mol/L HCl or electrode cleaning solution (model 220)
Protein	Cleaning solution including protein-removing enzyme (model 250)
alkali	Immerse 1 mol/L HCl or electrode cleaning solution (model 220) in 1h to 2 h

• Daily storage of the electrode

If the electrode becomes dry, the response will slow. Store in a moist atmosphere. Follow the steps below to properly store the electrode.

1. Wash the electrode well with pure water (or deionized water) to remove sample completely, and close the internal solution filler port.
2. Wash the inside of the protective cap with pure water (or deionized water), then add enough pure water (or deionized water) to soak the sponge.
3. Attach the protective cap.

• When the electrode will not be used for a long period

To store the electrode for a long period, follow the electrode storage procedure above, and in addition, use a dropper or similar tool to replace the reference electrode internal solution (model 300) with new solution. Replace once every three to six months.

● Maintenance and storage of the ORP electrode

For the detailed procedures for maintaining and storing electrodes, refer to the instruction manual for each electrode. This section describes an overview of the procedures for maintenance and storage to be performed as part of daily use.

• How to clean the electrode

When the tip of an electrode (responsive membrane and liquid junction) becomes dirty, the response speed may slow or an error may occur in the measurement results. To avoid such error, clean the electrode. For dirt that cannot be washed off by pure water (or deionized water), use the cleaning solution indicated below depending on the type of dirt. After cleaning, rinse the electrode with pure water (or deionized water).

Type of dirt	Cleaning solution
General	Diluted neutral cleaning solution
Oil	
Inorganic substance	Immerse dilute nitric acid (1:1 nitric acid)

• Daily storage of the electrode

If the electrode becomes dry, the response will slow. Store in a moist atmosphere. Follow the steps below to properly store the electrode.

1. Wash the electrode well with pure water (or deionized water) to remove sample completely, and close the internal solution filler port.
2. Wash the inside of the protective cap with pure water (or deionized water), then add enough pure water (or deionized water) to soak the sponge.
3. Attach the protective cap.

• When the electrode will not be used for a long period

To store the electrode for a long period, follow the electrode storage procedure above, and in addition, use a dropper or similar tool to replace the reference electrode internal solution (model 300) with new solution. Replace once every three to six months.

● Checking the state of the ORP electrode

ORP standard solution can be used to check the state of the ORP electrode. This solution is only used to check the state of the ORP electrode; it is not used to calibrate the instrument. The procedure for checking the electrode using HORIBA ORP standard solution powder 160-22 or 160-51 is explained below.

1. Add one bag of 160-22 or 160-51 standard solution powder to 250 mL of deionized water and mix thoroughly.

When mixing, the excess quinhydrone (a black powder) will float to the surface of the solution.

2. Immerse a washed and dried ORP electrode in the prepared standard solution and measure the mV value.

If the electrode and the instrument are working properly, numerical values within ± 15 mV of those indicated below should be obtained.

The ORP value varies by temperature. Check the appropriate ORP value for the temperature of the standard solution.

3. If the ORP value is not within ± 15 mV, replace the reference electrode internal solution.

If the surface of the metal electrode is dirty, wipe it gently with a soft material such as absorbent cotton moistened with alcohol or a neutral cleaning solution, or immerse in dilute nitric acid (1:1 nitric acid) to remove the dirt.

4. Repeat the measurement.

If the ORP value is within ± 15 mV, the electrode is normal.

If not within ± 15 mV, the electrode may have failed. Replace the electrode.

Note

- If the prepared standard solution is left out in air for one hour or more, that the ORP value might change. Do not use the ORP standard solution that was prepared more than an hour before.
- When measuring a solution that has low concentrations of oxidants and reductants after conducting an operational check using a standard substance, the measured values may not stabilize or the repeatability might be poor. If this is the case, use the ORP electrode after immersing it in the solution again and mixing it thoroughly.

• ORP value based on the temperature of ORP standard solution

Temp. (°C)	160-22 Phthalic-acid chloride + quinhydrone (mV)	160-51 Neutral phosphate + quinhydrone (mV)
5	274.2	111.9
10	270.9	106.9
15	266.8	101.0
20	262.5	95.0
25	257.6	89.0
30	253.5	82.7
35	248.6	76.2
40	243.6	69.0

How to resolve errors or troubles

This section describes the causes of typical problems and the actions to be taken, including questions frequently asked by customers. Check these before contacting us.


■ When an error message appears

If "ERR No.00XX" appears while you are using the instrument, check the error in the error list below, and check the cause and action to be taken.

ERR No.	Description	Definition of error
0001	Memory error	Data cannot be read from or written to the internal memory.
0002	Empty battery level	The battery level is empty.
0003	Electrode stability error	The electric potential does not stabilize within three minutes.
0004	Asymmetric potential error	The asymmetric potential of the electrode is out of the range of ± 45 mV.
0005	Electrode sensitivity error	The electrode sensitivity is either 105% or more or 85% or less than the theoretical sensitivity.
0006	Maximum calibration points exceeded	6th point calibration is attempted.
0007	Cannot identify standard solution	The instrument cannot identify the standard solution.
0008	Calibration interval error	Exceeds the calibration interval setting.
0009	Printer error	There is a problem with the printer.
0010	Memory full	The number of the data saved has exceeded the limit of the internal memory.

● ERR No.0001 Memory error

Data cannot be read from or written to the internal memory.

Cause	How to solve problem
The instrument does not start properly due to noise or other at power ON.	Remove the batteries, disconnect the AC adapter, and then press the  key.
The defect of the internal IC	Contact your dealer for repair.

● ERR No.0002 Empty battery level

The instrument cannot operate properly because the battery level is empty.

Cause	How to solve problem
The battery level is empty.	Replace the batteries or connect the AC adapter (option).

● ERR No.0003 Electrode stability error

Detected an electrode error because the electrical potential does not stabilize after 3 or more minutes during measurement or calibration.

Cause	How to solve problem
The stability of electrode is affected by the sample solution. (The sample solution is solution with low conductivity, or the pH concentration or temperature change).	Read the value without using the automatic hold function.
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The responsive glass membrane of the electrode has been dry for a long period.	Immerse the responsive glass membrane of the electrode in pure water (or deionized water) for 24 hours.
The temperature of the sample solution is fluctuating.	Measure the sample solution after its temperature stabilizes.

● ERR No.0004 Asymmetric potential error

Detected that the asymmetric potential of the electrode is out of the setting range that allows proper measurement.

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The standard solution concentration is fluctuating.	Replace the internal solution in the reference electrode.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.
There is a problem with the standard solution.	Use new standard solution.

● ERR No.0005 Electrode sensitivity error

Detected that the electrode sensitivity is out of the setting range that allows proper measurement.

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is dirty	Wash the electrode.
The electrode is cracked	Replace the electrode.
Calibration was not performed correctly.	Perform the calibration correctly.
The electrode is not connected correctly	Connect the electrode correctly.
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.
There is a problem with the standard solution.	Use new standard solution.

● ERR No.0006 Maximum calibration points exceeded

Attempted to perform 6th point calibration during pH calibration.

Cause	How to solve problem
6th point Calibration is attempted.	Up to five points can be calibrated.

● ERR No.0007 Cannot identify standard solution

Unable to automatically detect the standard solution during pH calibration.

Cause	How to solve problem
There is a problem with the standard solution.	Use new standard solution.
Settings about the standard solution do not match the instrument.	Check if the instrument settings and the specifications of the standard solution are compatible.
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The standard solution concentration is fluctuating.	Replace the internal solution in the reference electrode.
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.

● ERR No.0008 Calibration interval error

- More than the set number of days has elapsed since calibration was last performed.
- The calibration interval alarm is "ON" and calibration has not been performed.

Cause	How to solve problem
Calibration has not been performed for the set number of days of the calibration interval or longer.	Perform calibration.
The calibration interval alarm is "ON" and calibration has not been performed.	Perform calibration.

● ERR No.0009 Printer error

An error occurred during printer communication.

Cause	How to solve problem
There is a problem with the printer unit connection.	Check the printer connection, and connect the instrument and printer again.
The defect of the printer	Consult your dealer.

● ERR No.0010 Memory full

Attempted to save more than 1000 items of data.

Cause	How to solve problem
Saving more than 1000 items of data is attempted.	The maximum number of savable items of data is 1000. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC and delete the data from the memory ("Deleting all saved data" (page 32)).

■ Troubleshooting

This section describes causes and actions to take for problems that customers frequently ask us.

● The indicated value fluctuates

< There is a problem with the electrode >

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The wrong internal solution is being used.	Use the correct internal solution.
There are air bubbles on the electrode.	Shake the electrode to remove the air bubbles.
The level of internal solution in reference electrode is low.	Replenish the internal solution of the reference electrode until it is higher than the level of the sample.

< There is a problem with the instrument >

Cause	How to solve problem
There is a motor or other device causing electrical interference.	Measure at a place where no influence from induction is given. Ground all AC-powered equipment.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.

< There is a problem with the sample >

Cause	How to solve problem
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.
The stability of electrode is affected by the sample solution.	It is important to select an electrode that is appropriate for the sample. Consult your dealer. To confirm an electrode that is appropriate for the sample, check the pH electrode selection guide in our catalogue, or refer to our website.

● **The response is slow**

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The wrong internal solution is being used.	Use the correct internal solution.
The response of electrode is affected by the sample solution.	It is important to select an electrode that is appropriate for the sample. Consult your dealer. To confirm an electrode that is appropriate for the sample, check the pH electrode selection guide in our catalogue, or refer to our website.

● **The indicated value does not change/No response**

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.
Keys are locked.	Turn off the power, remove the batteries, and then turn on the power again.
The instrument is in HOLD state.	Cancel the HOLD state.
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.

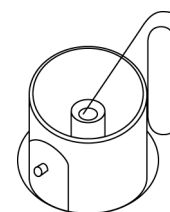
● The measured value blinks

The measured value blinks when it is out of the measurement range.

Cause	How to solve problem
Sample is out of the measurement range.	Use a sample within the measurement range.
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.
The electrode cable is broken.	Replace the electrode.
Calibration is not performed or performed incorrectly.	Perform the calibration correctly.
Instrument defect	Check as explained below.

• How to check for instrument defect

Short the metal part of the outer tube to the center pin of the electrode connector of the corresponding channel of the instrument. If the measured value does not blink, the instrument is normal. If the measured value blinks, consult your dealer.



● The temperature display blinks or is fixed at 25°C

The measured value blinks when it is out of the measurement range.

Cause	How to solve problem
Sample temperature is out of the measurement range.	Set to a temperature within the measurement range.
Temperature connector is not connected correctly.	Connect the temperature connector correctly.
The temperature setting is set to MTC.	Change the setting to ATC.
Operation is incorrect during temperature calibration.	Recalibrate using a solution of known temperature, or return to the factory setting (“ Resetting to factory default settings ” (page 48)).
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.

● Repeatability of the measured value is poor

Cause	How to solve problem
Effect of the sample solution	Repeatability becomes poor when the pH of the sample changes over time.
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode. (Electrode cleaning solution 220 or 250 is recommended.)
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The internal solution of the electrode runs out or contaminated.	Replace the internal solution with new one.
The level of internal solution in reference electrode is low.	Replenish the internal solution of the reference electrode until it is higher than the level of the sample.

● Nothing appears when the power is turned ON

Cause	How to solve problem
Power is not supplied.	Insert batteries or connect the AC adapter (option).
Battery polarity (+, -) is reversed.	Insert the batteries with the polarity (+, -) correctly oriented.
Battery life is low.	Replace the batteries or connect the AC adapter (option).
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.





● Swelling of operation key sheet

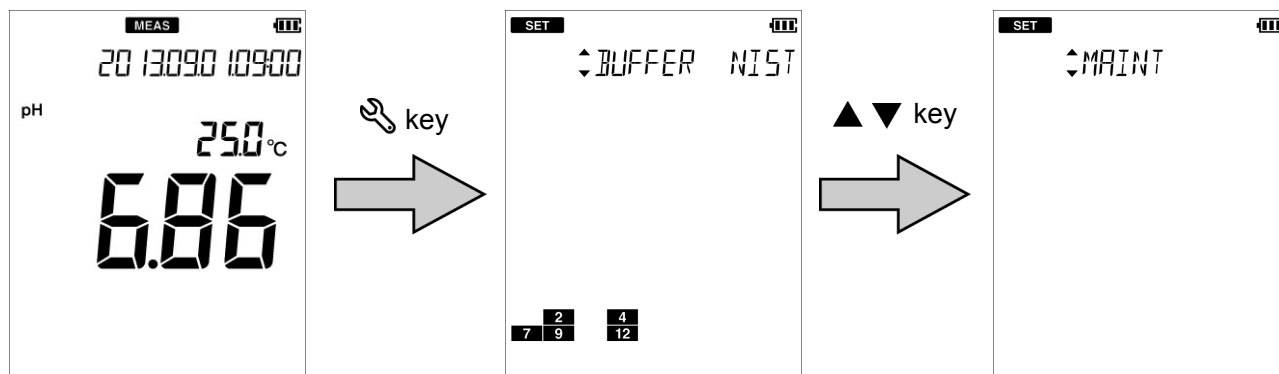
Cause	How to solve problem
Using the instrument at high elevation or other location where the air pressure is different from sea level.	To eliminate the pressure difference between the inside and outside of the instrument, briefly open and then close the AC adapter cover. After opening, correctly close the cover to maintain dust and water proofing.
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.




● Part of the display is missing


If part of the display is missing, it is the Instrument defect. Contact your dealer.

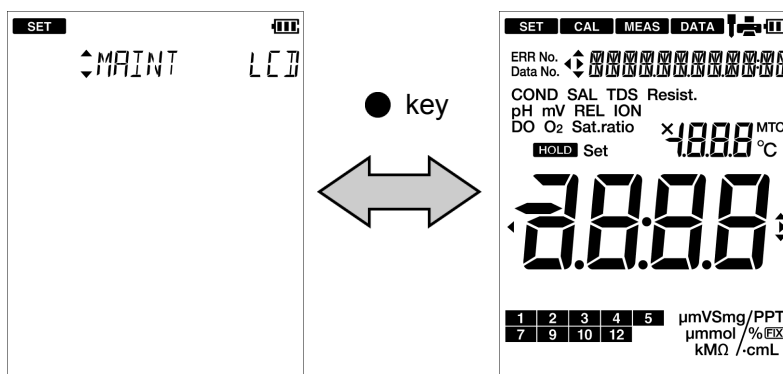
It is possible to check part of the display is missing. The display can be set to full screen display. Follow the steps below to check the display.

1. Press the  key to enter the setting mode.
2. Press the   keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the  key.



3. Press the   keys to select the "LCD" (full screen display) and then press the  key.

The display changes to full screen display. Check if part of the display is missing. To return to the setting mode, press the  key.



MEMO

Appendix

This section describes the specifications of the instrument, default settings, measurement principles, and other technical information.

Options for the instrument are also described.

■ Main specifications

Item	Contents
Model	D-72
Measurement parameters	pH, mV (ORP), temperature
Operating ambient temperature, humidity	0°C to 45°C 80% or less in relative humidity (no condensation)
Power	AAA alkaline batteries (LR03) or AAA Ni-MH rechargeable batteries × 2 AC adapter 100 V to 240 V, 50/60 Hz, 0.37 A (option)
Dimensions	Approx. 67 (80) × 28 (42) × 170 mm (The figures in parentheses are maximum thicknesses.)
Mass	Approx. 270 g (without batteries)

• Specification of each measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	Item	Description
pH	Measuring principle	Glass electrode
	Display range	pH -2.00 to pH 16.00
	Measuring range	pH 0.00 to pH 14.00
	Resolution	0.01 pH
	Repeatability	±0.01 pH ±1 digit
mV (ORP)	Measuring range	±2000 mV
	Resolution	1 mV
	Repeatability	±1 mV ±1 digit
temperature	Measuring principle	Thermistor method
	Display range	-30.0°C to 130.0°C
	Measuring range	0.0°C to 100.0°C
	Resolution	0.1°C
	Repeatability	±0.1°C ±1 digit

■ Instrument default settings

Measurement parameter	Item	Selection item/Setting range	Default values
Common	Temperature setting	Automatic (ATC)/ Manual (MTC)	Automatic (ATC)
	Temperature input value	0.0°C to 100.0°C	25.0°C
	Auto power off	ON/OFF	OFF
	Auto power off time	1 min to 30 min	30 min
	Sample ID	000 to 2999	000
	Auto data memory	ON/OFF	OFF
	Auto data memory time	2 seconds to 24 hours	2 seconds
pH	Standard solution	NIST/USA/CUST	NIST
	Calibration interval alarm	ON/OFF	OFF
	Calibration interval	1 day to 400 days	1 day

■ Technical note

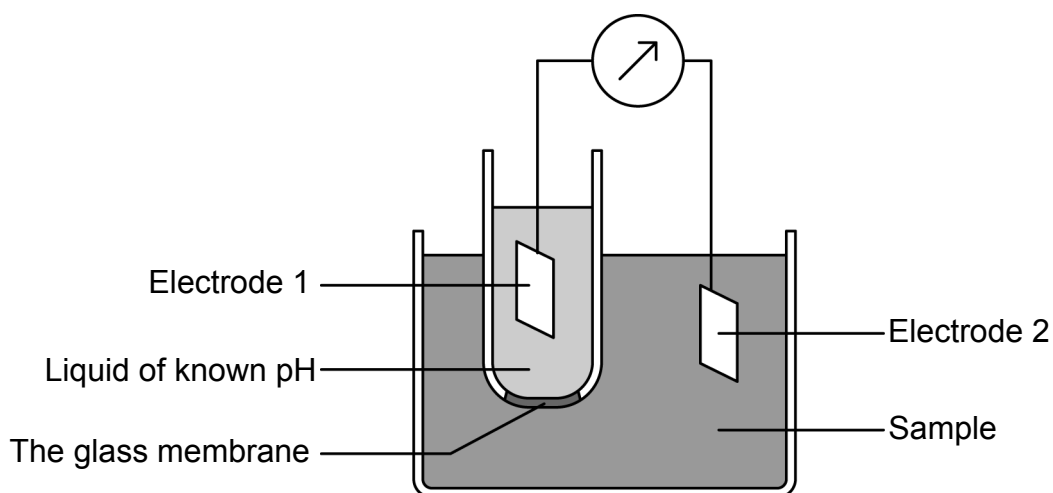
● pH measurement (glass electrode)

In the glass electrode method, the known pH of a reference solution is determined by using two electrodes, a glass electrode and a reference electrode, and measuring the voltage (difference in potential) generated between the two electrodes. The difference in pH between solutions inside and outside the thin glass membrane creates electromotive force in proportion to this difference in pH. This thin membrane is called the electrode membrane. Normally, when the temperature of the solution is 25°C, if the pH inside is different from that of outside by 1, it will create approximately 59 mV of electromotive force.

The liquid inside the glass electrode usually has a pH 7. If one measures the electromotive force generated at the electrode membrane, the pH of the sample can be found by calculation.

A second electrode is necessary when measuring the electromotive force generated at the electrode membrane of a glass electrode. This other electrode, paired with the glass electrode, is called the reference electrode. The reference electrode must have extremely stable potential. Therefore, it is provided with a pinhole or a ceramic material at the liquid junction.

In other words, a glass electrode is devised to generate accurate electromotive force due to the difference in pH. And a reference electrode is devised not to cause electromotive force due to a difference in pH.



● pH standard solutions at various temperatures

< NIST >

Temp. (°C)	pH 2 Oxalate	pH 4 Phthalate	pH 7 Neutral phosphate	pH 9 Borate	pH 12 Saturated calcium hydroxide solution
0	1.666	4.003	6.984	9.464	13.423
5	1.668	3.999	6.951	9.395	13.207
10	1.670	3.998	6.923	9.332	13.003
15	1.672	3.999	6.900	9.276	12.810
20	1.675	4.002	6.881	9.225	12.627
25	1.679	4.008	6.865	9.180	12.454
30	1.683	4.015	6.853	9.139	12.289
35	1.688	4.024	6.844	9.102	12.133
38	1.691	4.030	6.840	9.081	12.043
40	1.694	4.035	6.838	9.068	11.984
45	1.700	4.047	6.834	9.038	11.841

< USA (pH 2, 4, 12 are common) >

Temp. (°C)	pH 7 Neutral phosphate	pH 10 Carbonate
0	7.119	10.318
5	7.086	10.245
10	7.058	10.178
15	7.035	10.117
20	7.015	10.061
25	7.000	10.011
30	6.988	9.965
35	6.979	9.925
40	6.973	9.888
45	6.969	9.856

Tip

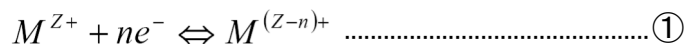
The differences between NIST and USA standard solutions are a different pH 7 value, and the use of pH 10 standard solution instead of pH 9 standard solution in USA.

Note

Calibration is performed using Nernst's equation with the above values.

● ORP measurement

ORP is an abbreviation for oxidation-reduction potential. ORP is the energy level (potential) determined according to the state of equilibrium between the oxidants (M^{Z+}) and reductants ($M^{(Z-n)+}$) that coexist within a solution. For one type of equilibrium in a solution:



If only ① exists within a solution, a metal electrode (platinum, gold, etc.) and a reference electrode are inserted into the solution, forming the ORP measuring system shown in Fig. measuring the potential (ORP) that exists between the two electrodes enables the potential to generally be expressed by the following equation.

$$E = E_0 - \frac{RT}{nF} \ln \frac{aM^{(Z-n)+}}{aM^{Z+}} \dots\dots\dots ②$$

E: Electric potential, E0: Constant, R: Gas constant, T: Absolute temperature
n: Electron count, F: Faraday constant, a: Activity

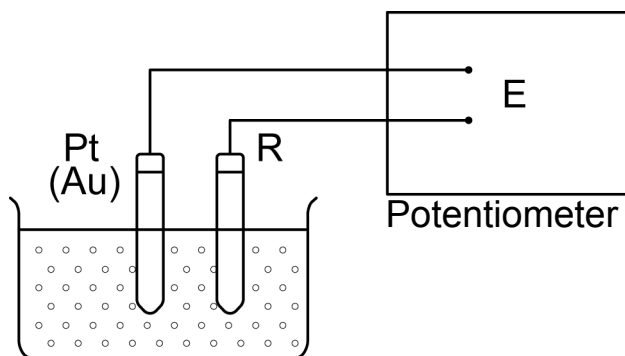
For example, for a solution in which trivalent iron ions coexist with bivalent iron ions, equations ① and ② would be as follows.



$$E = E_0 - \frac{RT}{F} \ln \frac{aFe^{2+}}{aFe^{3+}} \dots\dots\dots ②'$$

When only one type of equilibrium state ① exists in the solution, the ORP of the solution can only be determined by equation ②. What is important here is that ORP is determined by the ratio of activity between the oxidant (Fe^{3+}) and the reductant (Fe^{2+}) (using the equation aFe^{2+}/aFe^{3+}). In actuality, however, many kinds of states of equilibrium exist simultaneously between various kinds of ions, in most solutions. This means that under actual conditions, ORP cannot be expressed using the simple equation shown above and that the physical and chemical significance with respect to the solution is not very clear. In this respect, the value of ORP must be understood to be only one indicator of the property of a solution. The measurement of ORP is widely used, however, as an important index in the analysis of solutions (potentiometric titration) and in the disposal and treatment of solutions.

Recently, various claims have appeared regarding this matter. For example, that a high degree of ORP is effective in sterilization, or that drinking water that has a low ORP reduces the chance of illness by reacting with the activated oxygen in the cells of the body. ORP is used as an index for alkaline drinking water.




■ For more information

This manual describes pH measurement and ORP measurement. For detailed information, see "The Story of pH and Water quality" on our website.

This page presents the knowhow we have cultivated over many years, for example, how temperature affects measured values and what to do when you want to measure various samples.

By registering as a user, you can download sample software, refer to technical documents and receive the newsletter each of which contains useful information on water quality measurement.

We look forward to your registration.



■ Options

A wide variety of electrodes and options are available for use with the instrument. You can select the optimum electrode and options for your application and objectives.

These options can be purchased from your nearest agency. Please provide the part name and part number to the representative.

With regard to electrodes, it is important to select the optimum electrode for the sample you want to measure. For details, refer to the catalogue or our website, or contact your dealer.

Part name		Part number	Remarks
AC adapter, Cable (UL, 120 V)		3014031951	
AC adapter, Cable (EU, 230 V)		3014031952	
Plain paper printer	Printer (USA, 120 V)	3014030146	Printer cable sold separately
	Printer (EU, 230 V)	3014030147	
	Printer cable	3014030148	1.5 m
	Roll paper	3014030149	20 rolls/set
	Ink ribbon	3014030150	5 pcs/set
Serial cable		3014030151	
Electrode stand (model DP-70S)		3200528474	
Electrode hook attachment		3200528475	
Electrode cleaning solution for low conductivity water or tap water (model 230)		3200530494	

MEMO

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